

The Nebraska Democrat

ESTABLISHED 1884

WAYNE, WAYNE COUNTY, NEBRASKA, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1923.

\$1.50 PER YEAR

SPECIAL MEETING BY HOME MINISTERS

At the community house, Sunday, the 28th, three weeks of special meetings will begin, in charge of the local pastors; and they should be good meetings. It has never seemed right for the local pastors to have some barnstorming evangelist foisted onto a community for a harvest of souls. The men acceptable for pastors 52 weeks in the year, working together should command the co-operation and respect of the community fully as much as some extra special people who come and go—who are here today and gone the next day.

The only assistance secured by the churches from outside is in the matter of music. Gerald E. Bonney of Indiana has been engaged as the musical director, and is to arrive Saturday. We have not seen any of his testimonials, and perhaps he has none—but the committee in charge must have known what they were doing and who they were getting, and if you think their judgment was not good, the only way to know whether to approve or disapprove will be to go and hear the man, and if you are a singer, get into the harness and help.

We feel that they should have engaged a good press agent for the publicity end of the campaign, but they may develop one—perhaps when the music director arrives he may prove to combine publicity with music.

The Democrat hopes the meetings will be a success, and demonstrate the ability of the local forces to conduct a home campaign equal to any that the professional evangelist could stage.

NEBRASKA GROWN APPLES

With apples from the west selling at from \$2.00 to \$3.00 per bushel, a large part of which represents freight and commissions and profit to dealers, the question comes home to Nebraska farmers of why not get into the game? It might be done—and possibly with profit. Apples do grow in this part of Nebraska, and much more plentifully in the southern part of the state. But few of the orchards have proper care. It is a side line, and is too often neglected.

In proof of the statement that apples do grow in this part of the state, Henry Korff presented the Democrat with a basket of apples from his Cedar county farm, from where he harvested and marketed several hundred bushel, and still has a generous supply in the home basement here at Wayne. The basket that came to the Democrat had many varieties. Greening—large and solid, Grimes Golden, Iown Blush, Spitzzenburgs, Winesaps, and several other varieties both early and winter. These apples are good, sound and marketable; the Mr. Korff said that owing to the fact that they did not find time for a second spraying the percentage of apples that were not fit to market was greater than it otherwise would have been. But his success proves that good apples may be grown in Nebraska, if given proper care. Why not at least try to save the freight on what we need?

FEEDERS COMING FOR OUR CORN CROP

There have been many feeders shipped into this vicinity this fall, and if the prices keep up, the Wayne county corn crop will bring good money in spring, and pay less in freight than if shipped out as corn. The past week, the it is later than feeders are usually coming in numbers. Oscar Reinhart received two cars, of cattle; Aug. Roeber, Fred Martin, Eric Thompson, A. E. Echtenkamp, Martin Lage, Cunningham & Auker each one car; and two cars each for Cross Bros. and Edw. Perry.

MORRIS—JONES

At Carroll, Wednesday, October 24, 1923, Rev. M. O. Jones of the Presbyterian church west of Carroll officiating, Mr. Owen Jones, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Jones and Miss. Maria Morris, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Morris, all of this county were united in marriage. The newly married folks will continue to reside in Wayne county, in the district between Win-side and Carroll.

ANDERSON—ALLVIN

At the English Lutheran parsonage, by the pastor, Saturday, October 20, 1923, Mr. Gereon Allvin and Miss Emma Anderson from near Concord were united in marriage. They are residents of the Concord vicinity, and will be at home on a farm there after a short wedding trip, which commenced the day of their marriage.

AN APPEAL TO ALL

Our community has never refused to help those in distress. Right now poverty and suffering prevails among many of Germany's poor and middle classes and unless relief is given from the outsider many innocent children, women and aged people will perish. The undersigned believe that the people of Wayne and Wayne county should and gladly will do their part in the relief work that is so needed at this time. Many times you have given money, food and clothing for the relief of suffering fellow-humans. Once again we ask you to help because it is right; because it is human; because it is Christian; because it is American.

We are not going to solicit you personally for a money donation, but we ask everyone to give as liberally as he can of his own free will. Please hand your contribution to any one of the undersigned and when all who can have given their offering, the total will be forwarded to the organizations now administering relief in Germany. (Either the International Red Cross or the United Lutheran Council.)

Worn Clothing and Shoes

Hundreds of pounds of clothes and shoes, out of style or out-grown go to waste each year. Through the boy scouts and prospective boy scouts of our city we want to collect these clothes and shoes and send them for distribution among the half-glad in Germany. They will bring much comfort to the cold and suffering. Please gather up such clothes and shoes as you have to give. (Put them into a clean burlap bag or gunny sack if you have one.) Call up any one of the boys whose names appear herein and they will gladly call for your donation. These clothes will be sacked and shipped. Following are the boy scouts and prospective boy scouts.

Max Ellis, Harry Jorgenson, Henry Gulliver, Barden Carhart, Harry Ellis Fisher, Blaine Ellis, Waldon Felber, Warren Gildersleeve, Clifford Gildersleeve, Charles Carhart, Charles Keyser, Stanley McChesney, Clinton Jones, Marcellus Jones, Irl Preston, Wayne Carpenter, Arthur Chichester, Robert Carpenter, Bernard Pollard, Clifford Myers, Donald Lewis, Herbert Perry, Dick Fanske, Joe Lutgen, John Reynolds, Roy Weaver, Albert Gaines, Lawrence Wamberg, Cyrus Jones, Carl Peterson, Wm. Benshoof, Herman Eikoff, Gene Beaman, Don Beaman, Milford Wright, Maurice Wright, Clair Wright, Lorea Weaver and Donald Scott.

The boy scouts will call for the articles on Saturday, October 27, so have it ready.

Fellow-citizens, we are making this appeal because we believe it is right. Please give such help as you can.

J. H. Kemp, A. R. Davis, C. T. Ingham, H. F. Wilson, J. C. Nuss, D. E. Brainard, Herman Lundberg, E. W. Huse, E. J. Huntmer.

CORN AND CATTLE

G. W. Albert went to Omaha Monday, looking for cattle for the big corn crop they are husking on his farm—northwest of Wayne. He was heard to say that the boys came in with about 100 bushels each, Saturday. The Corn crop is apparently above the average this year. To some claim that there is quite a percentage of spoiled corn, due mostly to the fact that the wind blew a lot of corn down just as it was nicely coming into ear, and that the wet weather following cause some of it to rot. One man said that he threw out about four bushel from a load which he sorted. Since the first really killing frost which was in evidence Saturday morning, farmers are beginning to make ready to really begin husking and cribbing their corn crop. It seems that not many huskers have been seeking work, and there is a demand for men. The wage question is uncertain. We saw one man going out to husk 40 acres for which he was to receive 80 the bushels.

A CLOSING OUT SALE OF FARM IMPLEMENTS

Having sold my corn crop in the field, I am going to sell the following property, at the home place four blocks east of the Methodist church. SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 3. Commencing at 1:30. Span good work horses, 2 set harness, wagon and rack, and such farm machinery as binder, 2 cultivators, 16-inch stirring plow, harrow and hay-stacker. Come take it at your price. Phone 458-J. J. H. RIMEY. W. H. Neely, Auctioneer. Owner.

WISCONSIN AGRICULTURAL INDUSTRIES EXPLAINED

Earl Cumerine of Readstown, Wisconsin, came last week to visit his aunt, Mrs. P. M. Corbit and other relatives, tho he could not reach Wayne in time to attend the funeral services of his uncle. He called at the Democrat office on an errand, and tarried to visit a little while.

When asked as to conditions in Wisconsin, on the farms he said that it was not bad, tho an early frost had practically ruined their tobacco crop for this season. Wisconsin is a great dairy state, and he lives in the midst of one of the best dairy districts. Creameries and cheese factories are plentiful, and the good dairy cow population is intense. Beside the creamery and cheese factories they have condensers and milk is thus put up as an article of commerce, for it will keep indefinitely and is good milk when opened to use. He said that they are very particular as to their cows, and test them as to quantity and quality of milk, and that the boarders go to cannery—but that the good cow pays her way. He rather wondered at the extent to which feeding is carried on here, when a good dairy cow was so much more profitable to a farm than a fattening steer; but he admitted that the cow required more care and work.

In his part of the state, tobacco is quite extensively grown, and when conditions are right brings good return. Some years a tobacco crop will bring a return of as much as \$500 per acre. Then again, like this year, it is a liability. But with the cow and creamery bringing the cash every week, really hard time are not known. The tobacco crop is an extra when it comes, and it may be used to shrink debt or make improvement or buy another auto. The question of what effect the damage to tobacco would have on the prosperity of the community was discussed at a bank one day, and the banker showed a big pile of cashed cream and milk checks, saying that a community that got such a bunch as that every week would not suffer much.

He has great faith in the cow as a mortgage raiser—the cow and the hog with a bit of tobacco now and then produces wealth, year after year.

MR. AND MRS. G. W. GREEN MARRIED FIFTY-EIGHT YEARS

Thursday, the 18th, Walter Green motored to Inman that he might join other members of the Green family in surprising father and mother on their 58th anniversary of their marriage. He tells us that six of the eight children born to them were present on that occasion and that there were more than twenty grandchildren and great grand children present. They were married at Sheffield, Illinois, and have lived at Inman for 36 years. Not many people live to celebrate the 58th anniversary of their wedding day. It was a happy occasion for all, and a complete surprise for the old couple.

THE AMERICAN LEGION DANCE

Friday evening at the Community house the members of the local post of the legion will have a dance, and the home orchestra is to furnish the music, which should assure good music and a good attendance. Two popular organizations, the post and the orchestra should prove a drawing card for those who dance, and believe in using home talent. Not all of the orchestra lads were in service, but they will serve Friday evening.

HOMER TUCKER OF CARROLL DIES AT LINCOLN

The body of Homer, son of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Tucker, was brought from Lincoln the first of the week for burial, and the funeral services will be from the Methodist church at Carroll today. The young man had been at a hospital at Lincoln for treatment. He was about 25 years of age and had been in ill health for some time.

YEOMEN MEET NOVEMBER 2

There is to be a meeting of the Wayne Yeomen next week Friday evening, the 2nd, when W. J. Tily, the state manager will be present, and S. Boyce, a district deputy who is working in this county now will also be present. There are candidates eligible to initiation, who may be present. The entire membership is invited to attend.

WANTED CORN

2000 bushels ear corn; 2,000 bushels snap corn. Have own elevator for use. L. M. Owen, Phone 212.—adv.

NOAH DENESIA, PIONEER PASSES AWAY SUNDAY

Sunday, October, 21, 1923, Noah Denesia died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Louise Malloy in this city, at the age of 89 years, 8 months and 2 days, of the infirmities of old age. He was born in Canada February 19, 1834. We did not learn of his early life, but he came to Nebraska in an early day, settling at West Point about fifty years ago, where he spent most of his remaining life. He was for the past year or more at the home of his daughter in this city, receiving every care that could be bestowed.

Tuesday morning the body was taken to West Point and the funeral was from the Catholic church at that place, and the burial in the family plot in the cemetery there.

Four daughters and two sons survive him. Chas. Denesia of Carroll and Mrs. Malloy of this place and Mrs. F. Company of Pender of Mrs. Stone of South Dakota are known in this community. A son and daughter live in New York. Thus another pioneer of this part of Nebraska has been called home.

WAYNE HIGH SCHOOL NOTES

Wayne, 19—Wakefield, 0.

Wayne high's football squad met Wakefield's eleven last Friday on the Wayne State Normal gridiron and decisively defeated them to the tune of 19-0. The breaks of the game favored Wayne in the first half, but went against them during the second. Wayne depended mostly upon an aerial attack, altho in several instances the backfield men broke away for good gains, while Wakefield, with a shift backfield, gained most on consistently sweeping end runs or off-tackle plays. Wayne has a better fitted team on defensive than Wakefield, and broke up or intercepted a majority of the visiting team's passes. Fumbles were numerous on both sides throughout the game. Wayne made their first touch down in the first quarter, when Mildner received a pass from Olson and faced across the line after the ball had been worked to within striking distance of the goal by a powerful offensive. Sund missed the try-for-point, Wayne 6, Wakefield 0.

In the second quarter, when Busby of Wakefield punted out of bounds within 20 yards of his goal line, Wayne seized the opportunity and after a series of passes and plunges, Winterstien scored. Wayne's second touchdown on a trick play thru guard, Sund again missed goal. Wayne 12, Wakefield 0.

Wayne received a fumble within Wakefield's territory, and after a successful aerial attack, the combination, Olson to Smith, netted another touchdown. Sund place-kicked goal. Score 19-0, in favor of Wayne. Play during the second half was evenly matched, both teams showing flashes of form, then losing the ball thru fumbles or poor passing.

Mildner at one time ran 50 yards for a touch down but the play was not allowed because he hurdled over an opponent, and Wayne was penalized 15 yards. This seemed to stop the energy of the local team, and from this time on they lacked the punch necessary for scoring. Altogether the game was one of the poorest exhibitions of football that has been seen for some time.

Randolph is Wayne's next opponent, the game is to be played on the Normal gridiron, Friday, October 26th. Randolph usually has a "fighting" team, and their team this year is no exception if the incoming reports are true, thus the indications are favorable for a great game next Friday.

Practice for Girl's Basketball commenced Monday evening. Thirty-five girls reported. Miss Franklin intends to cut this number to twenty-four. A schedule is being arranged for games with out-of-town teams. Miss Flannigan has returned to her duties as teachers of the 3rd grade. The 6th grade had a "winner" roast Tuesday evening.

STOCK SHIPMENT FOR WEEK

Kay brother, mixed one car of cattle and hogs to South Omaha. M. E. Way, one car horses to Sioux City. Strahan and Noakes, five cars of cattle to Sioux City. Kieper Brothers, two cars of cattle to Sioux City. H. W. Robinson, three cars cattle to Sioux City. Casper Korn, one car of hogs to Sioux City. Andrew Stamm, two cars of cattle to Sioux City.

A BIRTHDAY SURPRISE

Last Saturday was the 70th birthday of W. A. K. Neely, and Mrs. Neely planned a successful surprise party on Mr. N. in honor of the day. As the noon hour approached a few cars began to head in at their fine country home, and C. A. Chace, H. F. Wilson, S. E. Auker, F. H. Jones, Wm. Orr, J. G. Mines, John Harrington, F. G. Philleo, Wm. Gildersleeve and Rev. Felton Jones, a half score of his friends of the early days at Wayne and their pastor, whom Mrs. Neely had invited to dine and spend a social hour with Mr. Neely. It was a very complete surprise, but a happy one just the same. The dinner was a real feed, such as the farmer wives know so well how to prepare from the bounties to be had at this season of the year when chickens and fruits are in prime condition.

There was a magnificent appearing birthday cake which was a jolly joke, for when cut it was found to be full of toys, dolls, whistles engines and cars, and the like. The guests left an easy rocker for the use of Mr. Neely for the next 70 years, and departing wished him many comfortable evenings in the rocker.

HOME FROM SAN FRANCISCO

William (Bill) Collins returned to his Carroll home Wednesday from a trip to California, going with the other Nebraska Legion boys. He says that he had a great time; saw a lot of country, many people and heard some very able speakers at the sessions of the legion which he attended. When in service he was at the pond on the east edge, and tok a ride on it. Now he has been to water on the west, and comes home contented with Nebraska. Saw no place that looked better to him. Said this self made rain (irrigation) did not appeal to him. The Japs and the Mexicans are the help for that kind of farming. As to picking fruit, apples, and the like, said he preferred to pick corn. The other work would make him dizzy. He visited Margaret Coleman, his aunt, in Denver, saw Owen Rees, one of the home boys, who is now serving in the navy.

They saw the Navy—that is a lot of ships lined up, and he expressed the opinion that Uncle Sam is not entirely at the mercy of any foreign navy, no matter how strong.

He was a part of the great parade, joining the Nebraska men as they passed the reviewing stand, and as he was a bit footsore, got permission to drop out and watch the great parade go by. He was well pleased with the trip, and said that it had not proved expensive. They had their bed with them—occupying their Pullman berth from the time they left Omaha until they returned. Most of the Nebraska delegation went in two great special trains.

JUST CAME ACROSS

Saturday J. H. Claussen was at the station as a reception committee to meet two of his nephews, Carl Witte and Henry Claussen, who had just come over from Oldenburg, Germany, to make their home in America. They are a couple of fine appearing young men, one about 25 and the other 21 years of age. They did not tell the reporter their impressions of America thus far. We hope they will become good citizens.

CORN PICKING WAGE

Down in Platte and Madison counties this is becoming a live question. At Columbus a move is on foot to establish a 10-cent price. In Madison county, the farmers are having a meeting to talk their side of the question. They are suggesting five to six cents. The farmers argue that if a man is a fast worker he can earn from \$4 to \$6 per day and board; and if he is bit slow he has his board just the same, and perhaps \$3.00 per day, which a lot of people will be glad to have before spring comes.

IT WAS A SHAME AND A CRIME

We refer to the act of vandalism perpetrated by some unknown person, who cut and slashed three-fourths of a row of trees which Mr. Jens Anderson set on his parking last spring, and which has had careful attention all the summer thru. Monday it was discovered that some one had slashed all but two of these trees with an axe or some sharp instrument, not quite severing the tree from the root. The owners are indignant, and justly so, and the Democrat is authorized by Mr. Anderson to say that he will pay a reward of \$10 for proof as to who are the guilty parties. It is to be hoped that the guilty are discovered and punished.

AMERICAN LEGION AND THE KLAN

At the national convention at San Francisco the American Legion passed a resolution defining their views of what is right and what is wrong—what is American and what is consistent with the ideal and purposes of the Legion, and it is truly American as we see it. The Legion will stand higher than before in the esteem of the country for their resolution, which follows:

"We consider an individual, group of individuals, or organization, which creates or fosters racial, religious or class strife among our people, or which takes into its own hands the enforcement of law, determination of guilt or infliction of punishment to be un-American; a menace to our liberties, and restrictive of our fundamental law" and such action as "inconsistent with the ideals and purposes of the American Legion."

THE BACKBONE OF MAN

Some people have characterized people of determination to fight any obstacles that came in their path men of "backbone." It is true that it takes backbone to accomplish many things, good or bad; but the fellow gets by best in any good undertaking who has his backbone all properly aligned. It should not be a "stiff backbone," but a flexible one—one that will keep in proper shape if one is to have health, else the theory of the Chiropractor is not right, and they seem to have proven that their adjustments work wonderful "cures" in many cases. They do not claim to make cures, but to remove cause of disease of ill health.

Wayne may never equal Rochester as the city of healing in the number of people thronging here for relief, but we believe that a larger percentage of cases may be cured here than at the greater medical center. True, the percentage of really serious cases is far greater there, for few go to other than home healers until they have given up the idea of relief at home, not only at Wayne, but in nearly every small city in the land.

Within the past two decades a new theory of the cause of much suffering has been gaining favor with the public, and for ten years past our little city has been the home of those who practice that method of removing cause known as Chiropractic, and many have come from this part of the state to Wayne for the benefits. Not all have been cured, most of them have been benefited in health—and many go afar at greater expense before having a free examination of their spine to know whether or not this class of physicians will locate a cause for their trouble and explain why they believe it possible to relieve or cure it. Any person not in perfect health owes to himself and his friends to intelligently seek a remedy. There is virtue in most methods of healing, and not all may benefit from the same method, but until relief is found different methods should be investigated with an open mind.

Wayne has been the home of Lewis & Lewis, of that class of Chiropractors who were early in the field in Nebraska and established before a law was put upon the statute books which barred many of that school from practice in the state. The last legislature enacted a more fair law, and it is now possible for others of that school to enter this field without being subject to prosecution.

NOTICE

To-night is the night of the St. Mary's Guild ladies Benefit Card party at the Community House, starts at 8 o'clock. All cordially invited. Music and refreshments are being furnished.—adv.

A FEW MORE SACKS EARLY OHIO POTATOES

At Farmer elevator for quick sale Friday and Saturday, priced \$1.50 per 2-bushel sack at elevator, Phone 339 or 50-J. W. L. Fisher.—adv.

CRADLE

HOUSE—Thursday, October 18, 1923, to Thomas House and wife a daughter. They live at Elvins, Missouri, formerly of Wayne.

CANDY SALE SATURDAY

Saturday afternoon at the Central Market the Light Bearers of the Presbyterian church will have a candy sale. If you like good home-made candy do not miss.—adv.

Records at Bohnert's.—adv.

Overshoes

At The Wayne Booterie

We have for your approval the U. S. Rubber Co. Overshoes and Rubbers. Prices are right for the first quality Rubbers.

Men's 4-buckle Red All Rubber at only.....	\$3.95
Boys' 4-buckle Red All Rubber, 2 1/2 to 6, at only.....	\$3.45
Women's 2-buckle cloth Gaiters at only.....	\$2.35
Children's 1 buckle Arc-tics at only.....	\$1.50 and \$1.75
Women's Rubbers, at only.....	98c

See our stock of Overshoes before you buy.

Bring Us Your Old Shoes for Repairing.

The Wayne Booterie

Eli N. Laham, The Shoe Man

Fortner wants your poultry, cream and eggs.—adv.

C. H. Hendrickson is looking after business at Omaha this week.

Tom Marsh, a well-known pioneer of Burt county died at Tekamah last week at the age of 65 years.

Mrs. Baumgardner left Tuesday morning for Sioux City where she spent the day.

Mrs. Ferd Schmiedskamp and daughter Margaret spent Tuesday visiting at Sioux City.

Mrs. Dorothea Biegler who was here for the funeral of her mother Mrs. Billmeyer, returned to her home at Sioux City Friday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Adam Reeg and Mr. and Mrs. L. G. Koch were called to Lorton by the death of Mrs. Reeg and Mrs. Koch's father, Ed. Borchert.

Mrs. George Crossland departed Monday afternoon for York where she will attend the State Convention of the Womans Home Missionary society.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Goldsmith, who spent a few days visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. O. L. Randall returned to their home at West Point Tuesday.

Mrs. J. H. Myers and son Joe, who were visiting at the home of her brothers Ed and Mark Simpson left Tuesday morning for her home at Oakland, Iowa.

Mrs. D. D. Tobias, and daughter Doris Jean who spent a couple of days visiting at the home of her father Gus Will returned to her home at Sioux City Tuesday morning.

Leo Young and wife from Bonetta Springs, South Dakota, drove to Wayne the last of the week for a short visit with relatives here, J. H. Wright and family. They left Monday for home.

Mrs. Roy Crippen and Mrs. Roy Brow and children who were visiting at the home of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. W. Mace returned to their homes at South Sioux City Monday afternoon.

WANTED—A good, steady, gentlemanly salesman to handle a Ward's Wagon in Wayne county. No experience needed. Full particulars. Write promptly to Dr. Ward's Medical Company, Winona, Minnesota, Established 1856.—adv. O4-4t

Gertrude, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Ross, has been very ill with diphtheria. She is recovering under the care of a nurse. The home wears a warning sign and Elzie is running at large and sleeping in the hayloft.—Winnebago Chieftain.

Omaha is to have a dog show about the middle of next month, and any old dog may be entered, for it is a really democratic bunch of purrs that may be welcomed. It is not an exclusive affair for pedigreed animals only. If you have a dog worthy of the name, put it up or shut up.

Rev. John Grant Shick, pastor of the Methodist church, we are sorry to report, was not cured of his lumbago at Excelsior Springs, where he spent five weeks. He is now at the Methodist hospital at Omaha for treatment. His friends hope that he may receive relief and a cure there. Mrs. Shick and daughter Imogene are spending part of the week with him at Omaha.

Miss Charlotte White, who has been spending the summer months at the home of a nephew, at Oral, South Dakota, arrived home Tuesday morning, and is now busy looking after the delivery of fruit for which she had orders before going out for a vacation. She tells that she had a wonderful time, and is looking much younger than when she left, in spite of her having outlived the time allotted to man of some three score and ten years. That does not apply to women, tho, but few of them will fess up to their years as proudly as does Miss White. On the way home she visited at the home of Mrs. Ben Skiles, and also at the Chas. Bright home, and reports happiness and prosperity there. Then at Cody she met Rollie W. Ley on his way home, and they visited the rest of the way in, making the trip home one of pleasure.

Wausa is going to get light and power with other towns in the district north of Wayne from the "longest high line in action," something like 700 miles long. Well, Wayne gets her juice at home, and we judge has better and more continuous service than the other fellows, at no greater cost. Then if there come time when the current can be produced for less cost, as we believe there will be the home plant can reduce rates. Another thing we noticed a few days ago, Villisca, Iowa, discarded their municipal plant some years ago, and have been buying current until they are sick of that—so they decided to put in a municipally owned plant—and as a result are now fighting in the courts an injunction asked by the long-distance fellows, who do not propose to let the city make and use its light and power. As we remember, the long-distance fellows had a fight in the courts to get into the place, and finally sneaked a line in on a Sunday or at night, and once in they hope they may stay and tax the people for years without end.

Fortner wants your poultry, cream and eggs.—adv.

Mr. Mitchells returned to Omaha Monday afternoon after spending a few days visiting with his family.

Mrs. Buck who was here visiting with Mrs. George Humphrey left Tuesday for her home at Whitting.

Miss Hazel Malloy, who spent Sunday visiting with her mother Mrs. Malloy returned to Omaha Monday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Art Ahern went to Stanton Saturday evening and attended a dinner party given for Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Chace.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Chace went to Stanton Tuesday morning where they attended a dinner party which was given in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Chace, who are leaving soon for California.

Mrs. A. C. Hoskins, Mr. and Mrs. Sedrick Hoskins, James Hoskins, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Graham, and Mrs. Herrod all of Sioux City spent Sunday visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Chace.

You farmers can secure your farm loans through me and you have no maturity to worry about with its recurrent commission-costs and danger of high rates. Write or phone. John H. Roper, Dodge, Nebraska. O4-4t

Down in Kansas, just south of Beaver City of this state, a young lad attempted to blackmail his father, but the old gentleman was too smooth for the lad, and he is now in jail waiting a hearing. His scheme would have been great had it worked, but it did not work.

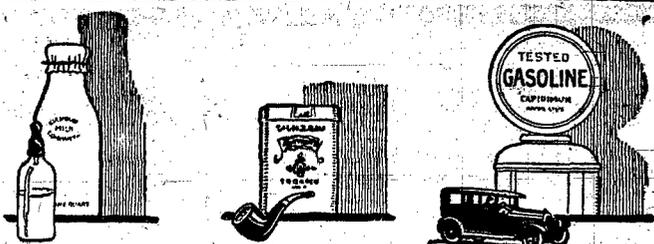
Oliver M. Jones, president of the National Education Association and a school principal of New York City, will be one of the educators who will speak at the annual convention of District Two of the Nebraska State teachers association to be held in Omaha October 31 to November 3.

Don Shannon came home the first of the week from a cattle buying trip in the western part of the state.

Chas. Gildersleeve went to Sioux City Tuesday morning to accompany his brother L. C. Gildersleeve home from the hospital.

RADIO EXPERT HERE SOON (From The Goldenrod) Glenn Morris will lecture and give demonstrations on the possibilities of radio next Monday night in the Auditorium. Mr. Morris is one of the foremost scientific lecturers now on the platform and by means of the apparatus which he carries with him he will be enabled to demonstrate many unique phenomena, among them wireless control of machinery.

Along with a thousand pounds of other apparatus, Mr. Morris carries with him what is said to be the smallest radio transmitting outfit in America. With this he rings bells, runs machinery, ignites explosives from a distance, and performs many other surprising experiments.



You don't buy just any kind of milk
You don't buy just any kind of tobacco
— then WHY buy just any kind of GASOLINE

Even if you don't know the difference, your motor does

Motorists used to think: "Oh well, gas is gas; they're all alike." But that idea has been outgrown for a long time. And it is out-of-date more than ever now that a finely balanced gasoline has been perfected.

That's the secret of Red Crown Gasoline, the Balanced Gasoline—its quick, clean, complete burning.

And it's as different from average, slow-burning gasoline as a thoroughbred is from a delivery-wagon horse. Better starting, better pick-up, better power, smoother running, better mileage, better in every way—always!

You motorists who have been driving cars for twelve years or so know the big difference that finer balancing has made in automobiles.

Why not buy the best regularly? Might as well—it pays. You can get it everywhere. There is a difference.

Most of the improvements in automobiles have been in that direction. You notice the difference in the car you're now driving. And your motor notices the big difference in gasolines—the unbalanced, slow-burning ones; the average; ordinary kinds; and the quick-starting, quick-burning and full-powered BALANCED Gasoline.

At filling time drive in to the nearest Red Crown Service Station. You are assured prompt, courteous service and accurate measure of uniform, balanced Red Crown Gasoline and motor oils that provide protective lubrication.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY OF NEBRASKA



RED CROWN

The Balanced Gasoline

LOCAL AND PERSONAL

Cream, eggs, poultry bought by Fortner.—adv.

Mrs. Emil DeSempole of Emerson was shopping in Wayne Friday.

Cholera is harvesting the hog crop near Greeley, where whole herds have been exterminated by the disease.

James Stanton from Carroll was a passenger to Omaha Monday morning. He reports quite at Carroll this fall.

Sigford Madson from near Stromberg was instantly killed by a Union Pacific train at a grade crossing Saturday.

A number of convicted bankers are asking parole but are having to wait a time at least before getting their freedom.

Dr. Young's Dental Office over the First National Bank. Phone 307.—Adv-29-4t.

Mrs. O. E. Mendenhall and daughter Helen went to Sioux City Monday morning and spent the day.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Sadler went to Sioux City Saturday evening and spent Sunday visiting with relatives.

A meeting was held at Bloomfield the first of the week to agree upon a uniform rate to be paid for corn husking.

Miss Edith Chilquist, who spent a short time visiting at Omaha returned to her duties at the Wayne Beauty parlor Friday.

Down in Burt county they have a Sunday school association which celebrated its golden anniversary at Lyons last week.

Walter Fisher left Monday morning from Chicago, where they will make their home. Mrs. Fisher and the children will join him there later.

Mrs. George Valder, who spent the week end visiting with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Fitch, returned to her home at Banerott Monday morning.

Master Masons of Cedar county met at Randolph last week and organized a county Masonic association. Their next meeting is to be held at Laurel early in the year.

Mrs. Silas Millick, who spent nearly three months visiting with relatives in eastern states, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Michigan and New York, returned home Friday morning.

Mrs. A. J. Kirwin and two children left Friday afternoon for Sioux City where she spent the week visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Kirwin, her brother-in-law.

Grace Bell, who stays at the home of her grandmother Mrs. Fred Bleckhoff, went to Sioux City Saturday morning and spent the week end visiting with her mother.

John Young of Blue Hill was killed in a car collision at that place Saturday. Edith Gerlock was driving the other car when they met at a country cross road. Both cars were upset and badly wrecked.

W. E. Barker, who has been a resident of Wayne for the past two or more years, conducting a shoe repair shop part of the time, left the last of the week to spend the winter at the home of his brother, on a ranch near Crawford. Mr. Barker has not fully recovered from injuries received two months ago when his car ditched him, landing on top of him, and breaking some ribs, putting him in the hospital for about six weeks.

Kearns Produce House
wants your
Cream, Eggs, Poultry



SERVICE SATISFACTION REASONABLE PRICE
E. H. DOTSON
EYESIGHT SPECIALIST
Wayne, Nebraska
Only Optician in Wayne County Registered by Examination.

Men's 2 or 3 Piece Suits **\$1.00**
Cleaned and Pressed ..
Pants Cleaned and Pressed 50c
Coats, single 75c
Ladies Suits Cleaned and Pressed \$1.25

We also do repairing and alterations by an experienced tailor.

Wayne Cleaning Works

W. A. Truman, Prop. Phone No. 41
We dry clean the best.

State Bank of Wayne

Wayne, Nebraska

We solicit your business and promise you best of treatment.

We pay interest on time Deposits

WE MAKE FARM LOANS CITY LOANS AND WRITE INSURANCE

We sell steamship tickets to and from Germany and any other country in Europe

Henry Ley, President
C. A. Chace, Vice Pres.

Rollie W. Ley, Cashier
Herman Lundberg, Ass't. Cash.

Let Jacques Clean and Repair

Your Winter Clothes

JACQUES

Tailors, Cleaners and Dyers

Just Across the Street From the Crystal

COAL PRICE CUT, BRYAN REPORTS

(Special to Omaha Bee)

Lincoln, Nebraska, October 19.—Reductions throughout the state, in the price of soft coal of \$3 and \$4 a ton have resulted since Governor Bryan entered the business he declared this morning in reviewing the state coal situation.

Coal that was selling four weeks ago for \$12 is now being offered to the public for \$8.50 and \$9 he said, and this in the face of an increase of 50 cents a ton at the mines. His staff is daily filling orders that run as high as 1,000 tons, the record being set last Monday when orders were booked for 23 carloads. The average business runs from 8 to 10 carloads a day, and orders have been received and are being filled from 80 cities and towns in Nebraska.

"Both retail and wholesale coal dealers in this state are doing everything they can to prevent my orders

being filled by the mines," the governor said. "I understand that at a meeting of dealers in Omaha last week one of their number reported that the mines who were furnishing me coal had been notified that they would be boycotted by retail dealers and that I would not be able to operate for more than two weeks.

Delivers Coal to Omaha
"However, the governor said smiling, I am now delivering three cars a day to the Omaha municipal yard and expect to keep on doing so."

In their endeavors to prevent the mines delivering coal to him, Governor Bryan said, the dealers have made a desperate effort to discover where he is getting his supply, but he is covering his tracks so that the information is not available.

"Both Bossie and Mayor Dahlgren asked me the other day where I got my coal," he continued, "but I told them that if the information got out the coal would cease coming because the coal combine would get after my mines. Even an inspection of bills of lading won't tell them what they want to know."

The governor is now selling northern Illinois coal for \$3.40 a ton at the mines, and Colorado for \$3.25. This price includes a 25 cent charge for overhead which the governor estimates will take care of all the expenses incidental to the transaction.

Towns Getting Coal.
A list of the cities and towns of Nebraska that have bought coal from the governors follows:

Anoka, Arnold, Archer, Aurora, Ainsworth, Belgrade, Bingham, Crete, Bassett, Cheney, Cedar Rapids, Ceresco, Columbus, Creighton, Crofton, Campbell, Duff, Eddyville, Ewing, Fremont, Friend, Falls City, Franklin, Farnam, Fort Crook, Funk, Grand Island, Gering, Gibbon, Hamlet, Hartington, Hebron, Homer, Johnstown, Kearney, Kenesaw, Lincoln, Laurel, Lewellen, Lisco, Lutherville, Milligan, Morrill, Norfolk, Neligh, New Castle, Omaha, O'Neil, Ord, Oshkosh, Oxford, Plattsmouth, Page, Pavillion, Panama, Paxton, Raymond, Ravenna, Stanton, Syracuse, Shelton, Spangler, Sumner, St. Edwards, Stromsburg, South Sioux City, Tilden, Wymore, Wolbach, Winside, Wayne, Wynot, York.

CONFERENCE STANDING

	W.	L.	T.	Pct.
Hastings	3	0	0	1.000
Chadron	1	0	0	1.000
Doane	1	0	0	1.000
Midland	2	0	1	1.000
Wesleyan	1	0	1	1.000
Central	1	0	1	1.000
Grand Island	1	1	0	.500
Wayne	0	2	0	.000
Kearney	0	2	2	.000
Cotner	0	3	0	.000
York	0	2	0	.000
Peru	0	0	1	.000

Results Last Week

Midland, 12; Wayne, 0.
Midland, 48; York, 0.
Chadron, 3; Grand Island, 0.
Peru, 0; Kearney, 0.
Hastings, 48; Cotner, 0.

For a market for poultry, eggs and cream, remember Fortner.—adv.

**NEBRASKA AMERICAN LEGION
AUXILIARY PROGRESSING**

The organization of women met in state convention recently, and Miss Genevieve Hall of Pender was a delegate from the organization at that place and at the last session of their local post gave report, and the Times makes the following notice of it.

The convention was well attended and a most successful event. Among others, Governor Bryan of Nebraska and Chas. F. Plummer, National vice president of the American Legion, addressed the convention. Hastings proved a fine entertainer and the delegates were glad, even those who plowed through the mud to attend the convention that the meeting was held there. The delegates were magnificently entertained by the citizens.

In Nebraska there are 205 units of the organization, only 14 of which are inactive. This year's membership is 7,104, an increase of 664 during the past year. The state organization raised and spent several thousand dollars for the relief of disabled soldiers. The women made 1,119 pairs of curtains and 200 dress scarfs for dormitories for the Bellevue soldiers vocational school. Fifteen dozen cookies are sent every week to the school in addition to other dainties, magazines, etc. An average of 70 boxes each month are sent Nebraska ex-service men in hospitals in other states. A great parade over a mile long containing Legion and Auxiliary members was a big event. In the evening a formal military ball was given at the armory in honor of the war nurses. It was a splendid affair, 100 couples participating in the grand march. The Times regrets space will not allow us to publish in full Miss Hall's interesting report.

GRAVES OF 25 PRESIDENTS

(From The Kansas City Star.)
With the eyes of the country focused on the cemetery is Marion, Ohio the final resting place of Warren G. Harding, it is fitting to consider the burial places of the 25 other presidents of the United States who have died.

John Adams and his son, John Quincy Adams, lie in the Congregational cemetery in Quincy, Massachusetts, and Monroe and Tyler are buried in Hollywood cemetery, Richmond, Virginia.

Probably the tomb of no president, or of any American is better known to the people of the United States than that of Washington. It is a simple, vine clad vault of brick on his estate in Mt. Vernon.

A plan-obelisk marks the final resting place of Thomas Jefferson. It stands in Monticello, his estate near Charlottesville, Virginia.

A small cemetery in Montpelier, Virginia, contains the bodies of James Madison and wife.

A domed canopy supported by Grecian pillars shelters the old-fashioned tombstone over the body of Andrew Jackson at the Hermitage near Nashville, Tennessee.

The body of Martin Van Buren lies in the old Dutch cemetery in Kinderhook, New York, the town in which he was born.

The vault in which lies the body of William Henry Harrison is on the bank of the Ohio River, at North Bend, Ohio.

A square pavilion of simple design on the grounds of the capitol of Tennessee in Nashville shelters the graves of James Knox Polk and his wife.

Zachary Taylor's grave is in Springfield, Kentucky, five miles from Louisville.

The body of Millard Fillmore lies in Forest Lawn cemetery, Buffalo.

The grave of Franklin Pierce is in the cemetery in Concord, N. H. Beside his body lies that of his wife.

James Buchanan is buried in Lancaster, Pennsylvania, beneath a mossy stone on a side hill overlooking the country side.

The first president to receive a monument of national character was Lincoln. This stands in the Oak Ridge cemetery in Springfield, Illinois, where he was buried.

Andrew Johnson was buried in Greenville, Tennessee. The grave is marked by an obelisk.

President Grant lies in a mausoleum on Riverside drive, New York City. The body of Mrs. Grant was placed beside that of her husband in 1902.

In Oakwood cemetery, Fremont, Ohio, lie the bodies of Rutherford B. Hayes and his wife.

A mausoleum in the Lake View cemetery, near Cleveland, contains the body of James A. Garfield.

Chester A. Arthur is buried in a public cemetery in Albany, N. Y.

Grover Cleveland is buried in the Cleveland plot in Princeton cemetery in Princeton, New Jersey.

Benjamin Harrison is buried at Crown Hill cemetery, Indianapolis.

William McKinley's body lies in a vault in Canton, Ohio.

President Roosevelt's grave is in Young's Memorial cemetery, Oyster Bay, New York.

Fortner wants your eggs.—adv.

Chicago & North Western System

C. & N. W. Ry.

C., St. P., M. & O Ry.

Railway Terms Defined

STATEMENTS OF RAILWAY OPERATIONS are often misunderstood and frequently misquoted on the public platform and in published articles. The following information is given to assist in securing a clearer understanding of the terms employed in stating the results of railway operations:

RAILWAY OPERATING REVENUE: This consists of all revenue received by the railway for transportation services, including freight, passenger, mail, express and other allied services. This also includes revenue arising from storage, demurrage and other activities incidental to the performance of transportation, in fact, all revenue growing out of the transportation activities of a railway.

RAILWAY OPERATING EXPENSES are those expenses incurred in connection with the performance of transportation services, including maintenance of fixed property, locomotives and cars, together with the expenses of wages, fuel, material and supplies necessary for the movement of traffic, but not including taxes or payments for the use of other companies' equipment and property used jointly.

NET REVENUE FROM RAILWAY OPERATION is the railway operating revenue, defined above, less the railway operating expenses.

NET RAILWAY OPERATING INCOME is the net revenue from railway operation less taxes, uncollectible revenue, payments, for use of other companies' equipment and facilities use jointly. This is the amount which the railway company realizes from its transportation activities, and is available for the payment of rentals of leased lines and interest on indebtedness; the remainder, if any, may be carried to surplus or applied to dividends.

REASONABLE RETURNS: The Transportation Act requires the Interstate Commerce Commission to ascertain the value of railway property and name a reasonable rate of return upon the same. This rate they have fixed at 5 3-4 per cent. A railroad, whose value has been ascertained by the Commission to be 100 million dollars, and whose "net railway operating income" is 5 3-4 million dollars annually, is receiving the reasonable return of 5 3-4 per cent upon its property, as fixed by the Commission. The net revenue from railway operation should not be confused with net railway operating income. The necessity of this is apparent when it is realized that the net revenue from the railway operation of all Class 1 railways in the United States in the year 1923 was \$1,144,051,185, while the net railway operating income was but \$750,945,517, a difference of \$385,105,668.

All the railroads in the United States are required by law to make reports under oath of their activities to the Interstate Commerce Commission, using the terms above, which are prescribed by that Commission. These reports are on file in the Commission's offices at Washington, and are available to the public.

M. T. Finley
President

Crystal THEATRE

E. GALLEY, Manager

Tonight—Thursday

LAST DAY

JOHN GILBERT in
"A CALIFORNIA ROMANCE"
Also Baby Peggy in
CARMEN JR.

Admission 10c and 25c

Friday & Saturday

A GEO. MELFORD Production
"EBB TIDE"
Featuring James Kirkwood, Jacqueline Logan, Lila Lee.
Also Comedy FINGER PRINTS
Admission 10c and 30c

Monday & Tuesday

A JOHN M. STAHL Production
"THE CHILD THOU GAYEST ME"
All Star Cast
Fox News
Admission 10c and 25c

COMING NEXT

Wednesday & Thursday

TOM MIX in

"SINGLE SHOT PARKER"

A regular honest to goodness western, also the first round of the third series of the NEW LEATHER PUSHERS.

COMING SOON ROBIN HOOD

Matinee Saturday at 3:00

Doors open at 2:30

One show only in afternoon

HOT LUNCHESES FOR THE RURAL SCHOOLS

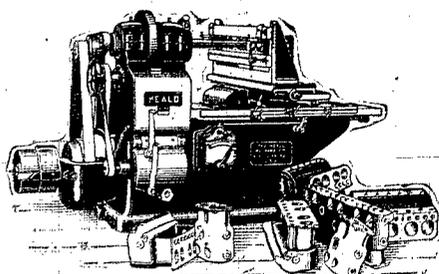
A warm nutritious food served at school at noon helps to make the lunch brought from home a real meal says the Agricultural college Extension service, Lincoln. It is now a generally accepted fact that if the child's mental condition depends largely upon his physical condition and that if the child is to be in the best physical condition he must have proper food and health habits. It certainly is the duty patrons to promote child health. Figures show on average of 20 to 40 per cent of the children in the rural schools below weight for their height. Something should be done to improve this condition.

With child health improved, a higher mental standard is secured. When a hot lunch is served the children sit down and eat their lunch in an orderly fashion. This is an aid to digestion. In such a group children will eat things that otherwise they will not eat.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS
The State of Nebraska, Wayne County, ss.
IN THE COUNTY COURT
In the matter of the estate of Peter Carstens, deceased.
To the Creditors of Said Estate:
You are hereby notified, that I will sit at the County Court Room in Wayne, in said County, on the 26th day of October, 1923, and on the 26th

day of January, 1924, at 10 o'clock A. M., each day to receive and examine all claims against said Estate, with a view to their adjustment, and allowance. The time limited for the presentation of claims against said Estate is three months from the 26th day of October, A. D. 1923, and the time limited for payment of debts is One Year from said 26th day of October, 1923.
WITNESS my hand and the seal of said County Court this 1st day of October, 1923.
(Seal)
O-4-t J. M. CHERRY,
County Judge.
Bargain Prices in rebuilt typewriters. Standard makes. R. E. Ruggles, Sioux City, Iowa.—adv.

Why a Motor Needs Regrinding



Leaky cylinders are the seat of all motor troubles for not only is there a loss of compression and excessive carbon but the gasoline gets by the rings, into the crankcase, thinning the oil and destroying its lubricating qualities which may result in scored cylinders or even worn out bearings. The only cure is regrinding and fitting with new pistons and rings.

Wayne Cylinder Shop

Telephone 91-w



All kinds of good coal on hand
Wayne Grain & Coal Co.
Carl Madsen, Prop.



Entered as second class matter in 1884, at the postoffice at Wayne, Nebr., under the act of March 3, 1879.

Subscription Rates: One Year \$1.50, Six Months .75

WAYNE MARKET REPORTS

Following are the market prices quoted us up to the time of going to press Thursday:

Table with market prices for Corn (.80), Oats (.31), Springs (.13), Hens (.14), Roosters (.06), Eggs (.25), Butter Fat (.49), Hogs (\$5.50 to \$6.50), Cattle (\$4.00 to \$9.00)

The women have asked Coolidge to favor world court. Can he refuse when the ladies have the ballot?

The republicans are now trying to settle the first question of the 1924 presidential campaign—namely, where the nominating convention is to be held.

Plasterers in New York City are now looking down on the brick layers who draw only \$15 to 18 per day for work, while the plasterer is demanding and getting \$25 per day.

One of the arguments against the public ownership of railroads is the statement that the people would lose the taxes they pay to government. Now that would be too bad.

MORGAN SUIT BUILDER

by the roads would have to come from other sources, the argument runs. Yes, but don't the people pay the railroad the taxes? The railroad companies have to collect them from the people first.

As time for the opening of congress draws nearer we hear that the progressives have plans to organize both house and senate and that they will then force some of their measures up to the president, and see where he stands.

All of the Michigan Ford clubs have united in a call to all other Ford clubs to meet next December to plan to nominate Henry and form a new political party.

Every kind of INSURANCE. Reliable Companies, Lowest Rates. FRED G. PHILLO, Real Estate Insurance

Dr. T. B. Heckert, Dentist, Opposite Postoffice

DR. S. A. LUTGEN, Physician and Surgeon, Office in Wayne Hospital, Office Phone 61, Residence 162

Henry is not a statesman, but they can point to conditions as they exist today and ask if that is the result of the work of statesmen?

One of the hottest political campaigns in American history will be the Iowa campaign of next year. And all the heat will center about the contest for the republican nomination for United States senator.

effigy of Jeff Davis was hanged on a sour apple tree, and the school board voted in favor of making white children bathe in the same pool with Negroes. EDGAR HOWARD.

PARENT-TEACHER ASSOCIATION. We notice from our exchanges that many places have an organization as above named, and from reports they are doing a good work in establishing co-operation between the parent and the teaching force of a community.

TOO MUCH HOUSE TOO SMALL FAMILY. That tells why a 10-room house, well located, modern except furnace, which may be installed readily as house was piped for furnace when built.

Place may be purchased for a sum no greater than it would cost to build the house today. Also lot 50x75, south front, splendid location, fine shade in front and barn on rear.

Apply to E. O. Gardner, owner, phone 145 or 77 for particulars. adv.

SOCIAL NOTES

The Minerva club met Monday afternoon at the home of Mrs. C. A. Grothe. Roll call was answered to by naming a famous picture and telling something about the pictures of the artist.

The W. C. T. U. met with Mrs. Geo. Fortner Friday afternoon with Mrs. E. B. Michael, Mrs. S. A. Lutgen and Mrs. H. C. Lyons, assistant hostesses.

The members of the Professional and Business Woman's club were entertained Tuesday evening at the home of Miss Dorothy Huse, at a Hollowe'en costume party at which thirty were present.

Mrs. H. S. Ringland was hostess to the U. D. club members Monday afternoon. Mrs. Harry Fisher had map study of Europe, Mrs. W. K. Smith had paper on Europe's Political problem.

The Early Hour club held its first meeting last Thursday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Craven. A 6:30 o'clock dinner was served.

The Acme club met Monday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Clara Ellis. Roll call was responded to by members naming prominent military men.

The Monday club was entertained at the regular meeting Monday at the home of Mrs. D. E. Brainard. Mrs. Kohl gave a paper on the study comparative of the government of France, England and Germany.

the members of the Coteri Monday afternoon. Mrs. Warren Shulteis was leader of the lesson assisted by Mrs. Perry Theobald and Mrs. C. A. Orr.

Mrs. Carlos Martin entertained the Bible Circle Tuesday afternoon and Mrs. Ross led the lesson study which was one of the great missionary themes in the regular series of International Sunday school lessons.

Mrs. H. W. Bonawitz and Mrs. Joe Baker entertained a number of ladies at the former's home last Thursday afternoon. The occasion being a farewell on Mrs. Walter Fisher who leaves soon for her new home at Chicago.

The meeting of the Woman's club which was announced as a Kensington at the community house for this week, has been postponed, and announcement of the new date will be made later.

The Pleasant Valley club had a social afternoon last Wednesday at the home of Mrs. Chas. Heikes. At the close of a pleasant afternoon the hostess served refreshments.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Bush had as their dinner guest, Sunday, Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Bell of Norfolk, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Chapman and son Russell of Hoskins.

The Ladies Aid of the Methodist church meets this afternoon in the church parlors. Will have a social afternoon, and tie comforters. At the close of the afternoon a 15 cent lunch will be served.

Remember the Benefit Card party tonight at the Community house, beginning at 8 o'clock, music and refreshments. Everyone is cordially invited.

You Can Spend More Money Less Satisfactorially for Christmas Presents Than In My Way

Send a Photograph of yourself or family to relatives and friends. They will prize it far more than many a more costly present.

IT IS NONE TOO SOON TO ACT

Come early and avoid the rush that always comes at holiday time. You can get as good work or better, and for less price. I am prepared to begin holiday work at once.

Call and see what we can do in the little shop on Main Street.

The Newberry Studio

Just South of Wayne Motor Co. Wayne, Nebraska

The Altrusa club will have a Hollowe'en party and covered dish luncheon Monday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Fred Blair.

Mr. and Mrs. John Grimsley entertained at dinner Sunday, for Mr. and Mrs. Herman Henney and Mr. and Mrs. Henry Kellogg.

The Alpha Woman's club will meet Tuesday evening at the home of Mrs. C. L. Wright for their regular meeting.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Back had as their dinner guest Sunday, Mr. and Mrs. Gus Wendt and Miss Evelyne.

The Central Social Circle meet with Mrs. Ben Fleming, November 1, Mrs. Ray Perdue social leader.

WANTED—A good, steady, gentlemanly salesman to handle a Ward's Wagon in Wayne county. No experience needed. Full particulars. Write promptly to Dr. Ward's Medical Company, Winona, Minnesota, Established 1856.—adv. O4-4t

Fortner wants your poultry, cream and eggs.—adv.

FARM VALUES JUDGED

John M. Matzen did not permit any of his farms to be sold at the prices bid at the public auction held at the Hooper pavilion Thursday. Six of the good farms of Dodge county, were advertised to be sold at very easy terms.



Piles

Can Not Be Cured With Salves or Ointments

THERE is only one sensible, sane and safe way to cure PILES and prevent them from coming back every few weeks to pain and annoy you again.

My method of curing Piles, Fistula and Fissure is not something new. It is a tried and proven method that permanently cures your trouble in a few days without the knife—without Chloroform, Ether or other general anaesthetic.

I CAN PROVE EVERY STATEMENT I MAKE

I have been CURING PILES and RECTAL DISEASES of all kinds, except Cancer, here in Grand Island for more than twenty years and have hundreds of Cured and Happy Patients who will be glad to tell you of their wonderful cure.

No matter how severe your case is or of how long standing—the old stubborn cases that are supposed to be incurable are the very ones I like best to write to me for I can always count on these folks to be my best friends and boosters after my wonderful treatment has made them well.

YOU PAY NOTHING UNTIL CURED

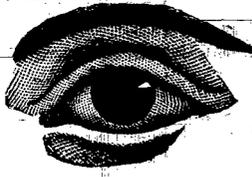
Remember I do not ask you to buy anything or pay anything until you are cured. This is my way of doing business. You must be cured and satisfied before you pay one cent. Don't put off sending the Coupon.

Let Me Send You Complete Information Absolutely FREE—Use Coupon Below

FREE INFORMATION COUPON

Form with fields for Name, Town, State, and address (217 R. F. D. or Street).

Dr. Rich Rectal Specialist Grand Island, Nebr.



Correctly Fit Glasses

are something one appreciated most of all. I have had many years experience in fitting glasses and guaranteed all my work.

Broken lenses duplicated in short time.

W. B. Vail

Optician and Optometrist
Phone Ash 3031 Wayne, Nebr.

Violins at Bohnerts.—adv.
Mr. and Mrs. Henry Cosard were Sioux City visitors Monday.

F. H. Vail, piano tuner from Omaha is tuning pianos at the State Normal this week.

Dresses in the late fall and early winter styles at the Mrs. Jeffries Style Shop.—adv.

Mrs. C. B. Rockwell left Tuesday afternoon for Hubbard where she will visit with her sister.

Mrs. Wm. Mears left this morning for Sioux City where she will spend a few days visiting with friends.

Mrs. Elizabeth Muth came from Center Friday to spend a month visiting at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Henry Suhr.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Evans from Emerson were here the first of the week visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Soules.

A full line of the October and new November records may be had at Bohnert's in the Voget building, with Grunemeyer.—adv.

John L. Soules was looking after business at Sioux City Monday.

Any one in need of some good BLACK dirt should phone B. W. Wright at once.—adv.

Fred Ahlvers was a passenger to Omaha Wednesday morning, going to bring a new car to Wayne.

Get a Columbia and have a concert at home every evening—Bohnert sells them at right prices.—adv.

Dr. J. T. House left Wednesday afternoon for Pender where he speaks today at the county institute.

C. D. Rockwell, wife and son, and Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Winslow were visitors at Hubbard Sunday, driving over in the afternoon, and were guests of Mrs. Raymond Smith and wife, Mrs. Rockwell's sister.

Mrs. C. E. Smith, who spent two weeks visiting at the home of her sister Mrs. Robert Mellor, left Tuesday afternoon for her home at Colorado Springs, Colorado. Mrs. Mellor accompanied her as far as Omaha.

Mrs. W. J. Rennick, who made a six months tour in Europe is here visiting at the homes Mr. and Mrs. N. MacGregor, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Wright and Clyde Oman and family. From here she will return to her home at Hollywood, California.

Last week when C. H. Hendrickson went out for cattle in the western part of the state he found them; and it is said that he brought home three car loads of the best of white faces—a clean, smooth lot, which are now on the farm near Laurel.

Mrs. Alice McManigal returned the first of the week from a week visit at the home of Mrs. Williams at Meadow Grove. While she was a guest at the home, Mr. Williams took advantage of the opportunity to go out for a hunt up along the Niobrara and over in South Dakota.

Farmer-breeder appear to be taking considerable interest in the sale of pure bred, but not pedigreed Duroc Jersey swine to be held by John Helms at his farm between Wayne and Wisner Friday the 2nd of November. Mr. Helms has established a reputation for his herd and its increase. He grows about 500 head annually, and sells the cream of the bunch for breeders of better hogs.

Miss Mary Mason went to Sioux City Wednesday morning and will spend a few days there.

Mrs. Don Porter went to Winside Wednesday to visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Moore.

The complete program of speakers and events for the annual convention of the State Bankers' association has been announced by William B. Hughes secretary.

Sam Davies left Tuesday afternoon for Rochester, where he will undergo an operation. He was accompanied by his sister Mrs. A. A. Welch. He met her at Sioux City.

Mrs. Perry Jarvis and Mrs. Ethel Frahm from near Carroll were Wayne visitors the first of the week, guests at the home of their parents, J. A. Newberry and wife.

Mrs. Albert Vogel and two children Marion and Russell who were visiting at the home of her parents Mr. and Mrs. Frank Weber returned to her home at Sioux City this morning.

S. Toledo Sherry of South Sioux City was in the city last evening, and this morning spoke from the platform of the college chapel to the student body. His talk was well received.

Herman Lundberg was a passenger to Omaha Wednesday morning, going to attend the annual meeting of the bankers of the state, as the representative of the Wayne State bank.

Miss Olga Christensen of Newman Grove, who spent a couple of days visiting at home of Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Young left Tuesday afternoon for Willmar, Minnesota, where she will attend school.

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Bower came from Timberlake, South Dakota, Wednesday and will spend a few days visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Paul Sadler. From here they will go to California, making the trip by auto.

This week I have a new and popular showing of suede shoes and slippers. Black is now the prevailing color, and beautifully rounded toes the popular fashion. I have them. Mrs. Jeffries Style Shop—everything for women, misses and children.—adv.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Wilson and Mr. and Mrs. C. O. Wilson, of Mitchell South Dakota, who spent a few days visiting at their home of Mr. and Mrs. I. E. Ellis left this morning for Lincoln to visit relatives. The two men are brothers to Mrs. Ellis.

W. L. Fisher and wife returned the first of the week from their visit with home folks in Iowa, and Saturday evening will leave for Los Angeles, where they will again enter business and make their home there for the winter at least.

Bohnert has the latest in popular sheet music always in stock. He also has in stock violins, accordians, Columbia Grafonolas, in different sizes and styles. You should hear and see his stock of instruments and records. If there are better, we know not where.—adv.

Mrs. John Morgan is home from Omaha, where she went last week to visit her daughter, Mrs. Graves, who underwent an operation at the M. E. hospital in that city, coming from her home at Harlan, Iowa. Mrs. Morgan left the daughter rallying nicely from the operation.

Cream, eggs, poultry bought by Fortner.—adv.

In answer to appeals sent in by potato-growers of Nebraska, the agricultural committee of the Omaha Chamber of Commerce will stage another "Buy Potatoes Now" campaign this fall similar to that waged last year. The campaign will urge all Nebraska housewives to lay in a winter supply of Nebraska grown potatoes and in the manner helping the Nebraska growers.

AGENTS WANTED—To handle county representation on the Crown Oil Heater. Built for hot air, steam or hot water furnaces. Also heating stove size. Large type sells for \$35; stove size \$17.50. In three weeks time 79 of these were sold in one town. Heating ability guaranteed. Write or call Crown Oil Heater Co., Friedhof Bldg., Columbus, Nebraska.—adv.

J. S. Carhart and Fred Benschoff drove to Sioux City the last of last week and stopped a moment at the hospital and said "hello" to O. C. Lewis. J. M. Cherry was a visitor Sunday, and others have gone to see Mr. Lewis. The latest reports are that he is more than holding his own—he is slowly gaining. But it will be some little time before he will be able to come home.

Many women appreciate the opportunity of selecting their coats from an assortment that has come direct from factory to their door, for the choice of that which pleases best from a showing of practically every late pattern and popular shade and weave—really a showing of a whole seasons product, such as no small house could afford to carry. That's why so many ladies visit the Mrs. Jeffries store Friday and Saturday. They there see all of the newest in coats, suits, skirts and dresses. This week the special showing will be of coats. Come and see.—adv.

PHONE 5

ORR & ORR

GROCERS

PHONE 5

Save Money

On your grocery bill each month by purchasing your needs here. This store is operated at a small expense. Everything is marked so you know just what you are paying for each item. We are glad to tell you at any time our method of merchandising—we know that we can back up all statements made.

The prices we make are not special prices but are in effect every day.

Give us a trial on your next grocery order.

Good Coffee

Without any extravagant cans or heavy advertising expense.

50c value45c
45c value39c
35c value, 5 pounds\$1.45

We keep our coffee coming each week, therefore freshly ground just before it is sent to you.

At a saving of at least 5c per pound

For Breakfast

JERSEY CREAM PANCAKE FLOUR AND LOG CABIN SYRUP

Jersey Cream Pancake Flour needs no introduction in this community.

A large 4 pound bag25c
Quart size of Log Cabin Syrup69c
Quart bottle of Bob Ross Syrup88c

Fresh Fruits and Vegetables

An unusually complete assortment can be had here at any time. We receive several shipments a week of the very best the market affords.

Select Canned Goods

This line of canned goods is not excelled anywhere. We believe that very few equal the Select line.

Our prices on canned goods will show you at least a saving of 5c a can on practically every item.

Special Prices in 1/2 and one dozen lots.

Other Items This Store Features

MERIT BREAD, LOAF8c
BETTER BUTTER IN 1-4 POUND58c
BLUE RIBBON BUTTER made by Fairmont49c
ITEN'S COOKIES AND CRACKERS

NO CHARGE FOR DELIVERY AT ANY TIME

MORGAN

SUIT BUILDER

Mr. and Mrs. Franklin Mann and daughter Onhlee, of Omaha, are spending a few days at the J. H. Kemp home, this week.

Mrs. Joseph Smith, who spent a few days visiting at the home of her parents Mr. and Mrs. Frank Weber returned to her home at Hubbard Wednesday morning.

Miss Fernie Oman meets with the Woman's club at Coleridge today and will render three groups of songs one of light opera, one Negro spiritual, and one Indian.

L. C. Gildersleeve returned Tuesday evening from Sioux City, where he underwent an operation for the removal of his appendix. He seems to be feeling pretty well, and is said to have gotten along nicely from the first.

There is to be an experiment tried here this week—that of holding a sale without advertising. If that can be made a success it will save a lot of expense to the seller—if he does not lose more because of lack of bidders.

The new technical high school, opened for use last week, had an enrollment of more than 3,000 students on the first day. The course includes training in trades of various classes. The Omaha public schools now have more than 38,000 pupils enrolled.

Eggs wanted at Fortner's.—adv.

Building in Omaha showed a substantial increase for the first nine months of 1923 as compared with the same period in 1922. In 1923 the first nine months of building amounted to \$10,302,899 as against \$7,948,612 in 1922.

Mrs. E. D. Stubbs of Omaha came Wednesday morning from Pender where she had been visiting her sister for a day or two, to visit her parents, Frank Weber and family. Upon her arrival home she found another sister, Mrs. Albert Vogel and family there on a like mission. Mr. Stubbs will spend a few days here, after which they will leave for Texas by car, expecting to spend the winter months in that state. They have gone south two years previous to this spending one in Texas and another in Louisiana.

A. E. Surber is home from a week spent in South Dakota looking after his farm interests there. He was as far up as Miller, and stopped at Westington Springs and other places. He said he had been going there annually for the past seventeen years, but never before had he seen such a corn crop as they are now preparing to harvest. He believes that much of it will return 40 bushels per acre, and some 50 bushels, and then he admitted that some fields might not yield more than 30 bushels.

W. O. Hanssen and son Clarence got into their car Tuesday morning and pointed the prow southwest, and should have it labeled "Los Angeles", for that is their destination, if all goes well. If work is plentiful there, Mr. Hanssen plans to remain the winter thru, and if it still looks good may decide to make a home in that state. W. O. has been a resident here for about fifteen years, and will be missed in business, lodge and social circles.

WITH THE WAYNE CHURCHES

Baptist Church
Francis K. Allen, Minister

Sunday school at 10 a. m. J. K. Johnson, Superintendent.

11 a. m. Worship. Sermon: "Workers With God."

Young People's Meeting at 6:30 p. m. Leader Miss Ethel Hansen.

7:30 p. m. Union Evangelistic meetings begin in Community House. Singing led by Mr. Gerald Bonney, Winona Lake, Indiana.

Thursday the Women's Union will meet all-day for work at the home of Mrs. Carlos Martin.

Friday evening the young people will hold a Halloween party meeting at the church at 7 o'clock and then going to the country. All young people of church and congregation are invited.

The ladies of the church entertained the teachers of the public school at a luncheon Friday evening last week. About twenty were present. A very enjoyable time is reported.

Don't forget the Union prayer meeting at the Presbyterian Church on Thursday night this week. Mr. Corbit is the leader. "Pray ye the Lord of the harvest that he may send forth workers into his harvest."

Evangelical Lutheran Church
(Rev. H. A. Teckhaus, Pastor)

Sunday school 10 a. m. We expect to see every enrolled scholar in his place and a number of new ones too. Plan to make our Rally Day a success.

Preaching service 11 a. m. On this day we will observe our Reformation and Harvest Home Festival with holy communion. A special offering for relief work in Germany will be taken. A number of friends have already responded generously to our call for second hand clothing. Any one desiring to contribute to this cause please do so until October 29th.

Fruit for Babitha Home will be shipped October 29th. The ladies Aid Society will meet with Mrs. John Krie, November 1st.

October 27th Saturday school.

Methodist Episcopal Church
Rev. John Grant Shick, pastor

The usual morning services will be held at this church Sunday morning, Sunday school and preaching, with the young folks meeting at the usual hour in the evening. Then at the evening service, all join the forces at the community house. We do not know who you might hear from the Methodist pulpit Sunday morning, but we are told to say, come, there will be some one to speak.

First Presbyterian Church

Rev. Fenton C. Jones, pastor

10:30 Morning Worship. Sermon, "Waking the Dead."

11:30 Sunday school.

6:30 Christian Endeavor. Leader, Miss Aulda Surber.

7:30 Union Services at the Community House.

English Lutheran Church

(Rev. J. H. Fetterolf, Pastor)

Sunday school 10 a. m.

Public worship with sermon 11 a. m.

Luther League, 7 p. m.

ROADS SHOW DEGREE OF CIVILIZATION

Gibbon, famous historian, wrote "The character and civilization of any community can be properly judged by the class of roads it has."

The community which can afford a good road and is content to wallow in mud, is, by this standard, not thoroughly civilized. This may not be agreeable reading to those contented with bad roads, yet there very people will judge their neighbors by standards no more exacting. The man who can afford an automobile, a telephone, a lighting system, a warm house, and good clothes, and who walks, borrows his neighbors' phone, reads by candle,

dies, has a cold house and wears rags, is not called civilized by his neighbors.

A good road is as necessary for the enjoyment of the advantages modern civilization has to offer as is the ability to read (which was once the accomplishment only of the priest and the king.)

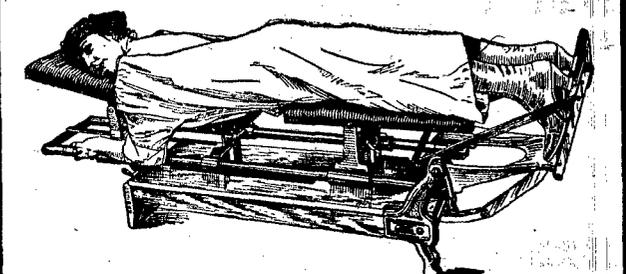
The abandoned farm is seldom or never found on a good road. The illiterate child does not live beside a good road. People who live on or near good roads get to town, see pictures, mix with their fellows, enjoy a rich social life, visit each other, buy and sell quickly and easily, are in touch with the world. Those who live on bad roads cannot even depend upon the R. F. D. if rain or snow lays its prohibition upon the carrier.

This great country is away down the list among the literate nations; one of the reasons is the difficulty of educating either child or adult where mud prevents attendance at school.

Gibbon's measuring rod may not be comfortable, but the facts seem to show it is accurate.

Bargain Prices in rebuilt typewriters. Standard makes. R. E. Ruggles, Sioux City, Iowa.—adv.

Fortner wants your poultry, cream and eggs.—adv.



The Woman Who Makes it Home

No man can fully appreciate what his wife means in his home until she is sick. And then, isn't everything queer! No matter how well somebody may be attending to the housekeeping, a spring has snapped somewhere—the machinery won't go.

Upon her health depends the happiness and comfort of the home. It isn't just that the work needs her strength—the youngsters need her responsive enthusiasm for whittled airplanes, her patient answers to a thousand "whys," the Man needs her courage and laughter to make the rough spots smooth. She must keep well.

Chiropractic adjustments, freeing the nervous energy for the manifold needs of the busy day, can relieve about nine-tenths of human ailments.

A consultation costs you nothing. Take good care of the Woman who makes it HOME.

Dr. Lewis & Lewis

Chiropractors

Phone 49w

COAL! COAL!

Yes, we have it of good quality, and plenty in bins, and we can price it as follows:

ROCK SPRINGS LUMP.....\$12.00 TON
BEST ILLINOIS.....\$12.00 TON
COLORADO.....\$13.00 TON

Secure a supply now, before bad weather grips us.

FARMERS ELEVATOR

Geo. Lamberson, Manager

Phone 339

COMMISSIONERS PROCEEDINGS

Wayne, Nebraska, October 16th, 1923.
 Board met as per adjournment. All members present.
 Minutes of meeting held October 2nd, 1923, read and approved.
 Whereas, it is necessary to maintain the roads and bridges on the county line between Cuming and Wayne counties, and said work can best be accomplished by concurrent action of the counties.
 Therefore, be it resolved that the above work be divided as follows: Beginning at the southwest corner of section 31, township 25, range 4 east in Wayne county, Nebraska, the first mile to be maintained by Wayne county, the next mile to be maintained by Cuming county and so alternating until the Federal road is reached and after that continue in the same order. All bridges on said county line road to be built by the county under whose jurisdiction it may happen to fall and the expense of same to be borne equally by both counties.
 On motion the foregoing resolution was adopted and ordered placed on record and the Clerk instructed to mail a certified copy of same to Cuming County, Nebraska, showing concurrent action with their Board.
 Resignation of Jacob Waggoner as Overseer of District No. 56 is hereby approved.
 Report of J. J. Steele, County Treasurer, showing fees received by him for the quarter ending September 30th, 1923, amounting to the sum of \$25.50, was examined and on motion duly approved.
 The following claims are on motion audited and allowed and warrants ordered drawn on the respective funds as herein shown. Warrants to be available October 27th, 1923.

General Fund:			
No.	Name	Amount	
1759	J. S. Gamble, rent of house for J. C. Harmer family for Nov.	15.00	
1883	Miller & Strickland, repairs for tractor	1.00	
1886	Huse Publishing Company, supplies for Co. Clerk	32.71	
1884	Remington Typewriter Co., supplies for Co. Clerk	1.50	
1886	Wm. Heyer, Blacksmithing	6.50	
1887	John C. Winston Co., supplies for Co. Superintendent	16.27	
1894	J. J. Steele, Co. Treas., Express advanced	1.81	
1927	University Publishing Co., supplies for Co. Superintendent	5.24	
1936	Fred S. Berry, salary and expense as Co. Attorney for 3rd quarter	301.05	
1938	J. J. Steele, Co. Treas., freight advanced	1.86	
1855	J. J. Steele, Co. Treas., Express advanced	.47	
1888	L. W. Ellis, salary, fees as Clerm of District Court for 3rd quarter	216.50	
1889	W. O. Hansen Concrete side-walk at Court House	1074.66	
1894	Otto Miller Cash advanced for repairs for tractor	.50	
Bridge Fund:			
No.	Name	Amount	
1985	Concrete Construction Co., car of lumber	580.55	
1987	Concrete Construction Co., car of piling	383.62	
Inheritance Tax Fund:			
No.	Name	Amount	
1870	Star Dray Line-Winslow, drayage	40.00	
General Road Fund:			
No.	Name	Amount	
Commissioner District No. 1—Erxleben			
1869	Stroud & Company, repairs for grader	2.18	
1876	Andrew Anderson, blacksmithing	7.00	
1925	Fort Dodge Culvert & Steel Company, culverts	281.52	
1941	Fort Dodge Culvert & Steel Company, Culverts	549.84	
1953	G. A. Borres, Use of car on road for 2 weeks	5.00	
1954	G. A. Borres, running elevator grader	47.00	
1986	Concrete-Construction Co., Concrete spillway	275.00	
Commissioner District No. 2—Rethwisch			
1928	T. A. Hennessy, road work	12.00	
1929	T. A. Hennessy, road work	11.00	
1930	T. A. Hennessy, road work	12.00	
1956	Art Hennessy, road work	25.00	
1993	Henry Rethwisch, overseeing road work	25.00	
Commissioner District No. 3—Miller			
1926	Nebraska Culvert & Mfg. Co., repairs for grader	10.82	
1995	Otto Miller, Overseeing road work	20.00	
Automobile or Motor Vehicle Fund:			
No.	Name	Amount	
Road Dragging District No. 1—Erxleben			
1875	Stroud & Company, road drag	25.00	
1902	Eric Thompson, dragging roads	7.50	
1903	Emil Meyer, dragging roads	1.50	
1904	Walter J. Ulrich, dragging roads	3.00	
1905	Albert A. Killion, dragging roads	11.25	
1906	J. M. Soden, dragging roads	22.66	
1907	August Kay, dragging roads	13.50	
1908	W. F. Biermann, dragging roads	5.25	
1909	Frank R. Schulz, dragging roads	12.00	
1910	George Reuter, dragging roads	4.50	
1911	Frank N. Larsen, dragging roads	37.50	
1912	Alfred Anderson, dragging roads	6.75	
1913	Theo. Larson, dragging roads	15.75	
1914	Henry Prevost, dragging roads	1.50	
1915	Arthur Carlson, dragging roads	8.30	
1916	G. W. Albert, dragging roads	5.70	
1917	Frank Longe, dragging roads	3.00	
1918	Nels Munson, dragging roads	3.00	
1919	R. H. Hansen Jr., dragging roads	4.50	
1920	Ernest L. Meyer, dragging roads	15.75	
1921	Elmer Haglund, dragging roads	2.25	
Road Dragging District No. 2—Rethwisch			
1858	Alvin Young, dragging roads	4.50	
1959	C. B. Watter, dragging roads	9.00	
1960	W. A. Williams, dragging roads	5.25	
1961	E. F. Stamm, dragging roads	7.50	
1962	George W. Swedgard, dragging roads	5.25	
1963	A. C. Saha, dragging roads	4.50	
1964	Sellon Brothers, dragging roads	4.50	
1965	Howall Rees, dragging roads	7.50	
1966	H. Robson, dragging roads	3.00	
1967	Edwin Richards, dragging roads	7.50	
1968	Rees L. Richards, dragging roads	9.75	
1969	Johnny Mohr, dragging roads	1.50	
1970	E. D. Morris, dragging roads	6.00	
1971	Frank Lyons, dragging roads	3.00	
1972	Henry Hansen, dragging roads	3.25	
1973	A. C. Glaser, dragging roads	16.57	
1974	F. W. Franzon, dragging roads	9.00	
1975	Bernard Dalton, dragging roads	19.50	
1976	H. Bonta, dragging roads	14.25	
Road Dragging District No. 3—Miller			
1871	Ralph Parker, dragging roads	4.50	
1885	August Rehnus, dragging roads and road work	14.00	
1899	Avery Company, repairs for tractor	1.00	
Road District Funds:			
No.	Amount	No.	Amount
Road District No. 18.			
1930	Henry Ekman, running grader	35.75	
1940	Henry Ekman, running grader	22.00	
1942	Jens Christensen, running tractor	22.00	
1943	Jens Christensen, running tractor	35.75	
Road District No. 20.			
1888	Henry D. Bush, road work	7.50	
Road District No. 23.			
1901	Dewey Bruggeman, road work	5.50	
Road District No. 24.			
1978	Wm. Bodenstedt, road work	57.50	
Road District No. 26.			
1956	Rrt Hennessy, road work	20.00	
1977	F. W. Bruggeman, road work	40.00	
1979	Jehn E. Morris, road work	38.50	
1980	Dwight O. Morris, road work	9.25	
1981	E. D. Morris, road work	29.50	
1982	David R. Morris, road work	38.50	
Road District No. 32.			
1979	John E. Morris, road work	24.50	
1981	E. D. Morris, road work	22.40	
1982	David R. Morris, road work	24.50	
Road District No. 35.			
1862	Charles E. Linn, road work	7.00	
Road District No. 38.			
1983	Trans continental Oil Co., grease	1.50	
Road District No. 40.			
1861	Chas. McConnell, road work	10.00	
1892	John W. Barnes, road work	10.00	
Road District No. 41.			
1991	L. M. Gaines, Road work	45.00	
Road District No. 42.			
1944	George P. Hanson, road work	30.00	
1947	August Kay, road work	66.75	
1957	Frank N. Larson, grader work	60.00	
Road District No. 44.			
1944	George P. Hanson, road work	32.00	
1957	Frank N. Larson, grader work	90.00	
Road District No. 45.			
1944	George P. Hanson, road work	44.00	
1947	August Kay, road work	45.80	
1957	Frank N. Larson, grader work	120.00	
Road District No. 49.			
1921	Elmer Haglund, road work	4.50	
Road District No. 51.			
1895	W. Luken, road work	2.50	
1896	Ang. Biermann, road work	29.50	
1897	W. Bavemann, road work	14.25	
1898	George Fox, road work	3.25	
1927	Bernhard Linn, road work	17.00	
1935	A. H. Biermann, hauling tubes	15.00	
1948	W. F. Biermann, road work	51.89	
Road District No. 52.			
1922	James H. Giffersleeve, road work	15.00	
1923	Alfred Anderson, road work	7.50	

WAYNE MAN QUESTIONS OMAHA MAN'S ANSWER

In last Saturday World-Herald there appeared the following article in the "Public Pulse" and we are told that there are not enough copies of the World-Herald taken at Wayne, and many will be pleased to read the article, so we re-produce it:

Mr. Haskins Cross-Examined.
 Wayne, Nebraska, October 16.—To the Editor of the World-Herald: Will you please republish the following question and answer by Mr. Haskins, clipped from last Sunday World-Herald, and permit me to cross-examine him?

Q.—Why does the government borrow money—why not make it as fast as it is needed?—F. H.?

A.—The government could not coin money continually without exhausting the supply of gold, without the security of which paper money would be worthless. All gold offered is purchased, and forms the basis of the monetary system of the United States. Silver and minor coin are merely token coins. Silver bullion is bought in the open market on competitive bids, in the same way that any commodity is bought and sold.

In July, 1861, Uncle Sam was bankrupt for money of any kind, and was borrowing state bank notes at 12 1/2 per cent interest. Congress authorized the issue of \$150,000,000 of non-interest bearing treasury notes—not legal tender, but receivable for taxes, including tariff taxes. These notes were never below par with gold, and commanded a premium in Europe. Did the government possess an adequate supply of gold to back them?

In February of the next year congress authorized the issue of \$450,000,000 of United States notes, and made them legal tender, except to the bondholder, and receivable for taxes, except tariff taxes. Were these notes worthless with no gold to back them—and without the two exceptions, would they have ever been below par?

At the close of the war, to provide money to pay the army and navy and contractors for supplies, congress authorized a billion and a half of notes bearing 7-8-10 per cent interest, but made them legal tender for their face value, and receivable for taxes with the two exceptions noted in the United States notes. Did the government possess an adequate supply of gold to give stability to this enormous issue of paper money that you say is worthless without the gold?

Thus Secretary Chase furnished Lincoln with non-interest bearing money to whip Jeff Davis, which was a good example and valuable precedent for Mr. McAdoo to provide Wilson with non-interest bearing money to whip the Kaiser.

But alas and alack, in 1863 Wall and Lombard streets came with a great scheme—the National Bank act, to help finance the government in its struggle with treason. They promised Secretary Chase the nomination for president the next year if he would recommend the act to congress. The act provided that tax-free United States bonds, bearing 6 per cent interest in coin be deposited with the comptroller by duly incorporated banks, and receive tax-free notes equal to the face of

the bonds, not legal tender, but receivable for taxes, except tariff taxes. These notes were redeemable in United States notes, not gold.

The following is the way they helped to crush the rebellion: Men of means organized a bank, minimum capital \$100,000, buy United States bonds with 60 cent greenbacks, deposit the bonds with the comptroller, receive the face of the bonds in notes for their bank, with which to buy more bonds and receive more notes and interim, by which a large part of our "sacred public debt" was created, and is still unpaid. Were these notes worthless for want of an adequate supply of gold?

For sixty years Uncle Sam has printed billions of paper money, for the redemption of which he stands, and loaned to these bankers without interest and made them exempt from local taxation. The note holder sheds no tears when a national bank fails—only the depositors weep and wail.

Every dollar that Mr. McAdoo obtained for the world war bore interest and will continue to do so for generations. Morgan or Mellon could have done no worse. For example,

Road District No. 54.		
No.	Name	Amount
1865	J. G. Mines, clock for heavy grading outfit	2.00
1877	Transcontinental Oil Co., gasoline	52.36
1893	Transcontinental Oil Co., gasoline and grease	66.58
1931	Nels N. Grandquist, road work	48.65
1948	A. Hooker, running tractor	90.00
1949	Ben Cox, running grader	67.80
1951	A. Hooker, 2 weeks use of car on road	12.00
1952	M. P. Bressler, running grader	60.00
1984	Transcontinental Oil Co., gasoline and kerosene	48.48
Road District No. 56.		
1888	Jacob Waggoner, road work	37.80
Road District No. 58.		
1889	Melvin McClary, road work	20.00
1890	Hubert McClary, road work	22.50
1933	Herman Beuthien, road work, claimed \$55.00 allowed at	27.50
Road District No. 59.		
1889	Melvin McClary, road work	17.50
Road District No. 60.		
1950	Andy Starkel, road work	50.50
Road District No. 61.		
1857	Wm. Carstens, road work, claimed \$6.00 allowed at	5.00
1924	Otto Ulrich, road work	3.00
1934	Ed Anderson, road work	10.00
1935	E. A. Miller, road work	35.00

Rejected Claims:
 Claim No. 1689 of the Fort Dodge Culvert & Steel Company for \$177.60 filed September 22nd, 1923, for culverts, was examined and on motion rejected.
 Claim No. 1858 of the Fort Dodge Culvert & Steel Company for \$67.68 for culverts, filed October 3rd, 1923, was examined and on motion rejected.
 Claim No. 1859 of the Fort Dodge Culvert & Steel Company for \$304.56 for culverts, which was filed October 3rd, 1923, was examined and on motion rejected.
 Laid Over Claims:
 The following claims are on file with the county clerk, but have not been passed on or allowed at this time.
 General Claims:
 1923
 133 for \$59.50, 1043 for \$46.65, 2627 for \$4030.64.
 1928
 916 for \$42.00, 1408 for \$1100.00, 1862 for \$486.50, 1884 for \$6.45, 1867 for \$48.54, 1872 for \$40.00, 1873 for \$10.00, 1878 for \$6.25, 1879 for \$29.50, 1880 for \$44.25, 1881 for \$30.18, 1882 for \$6.25, 1883 for \$14.00, 1891 for \$42.00, 1900 for \$45.55, 1932 for \$2148.54, 1990 for \$28.50, 1992 for \$1356.46.
 Commissioner District Claims:
 Commissioner District No. 2—Rethwisch
 1860 for \$236.16.
 Commissioner District No. 3—Miller
 1688 for \$54.96, 1724 for \$12.14, 1874 for \$10.00.
 Whereupon Board adjourned to October 19th, 1923.
 Chas. W. Reynolds, Clerk

Facts most motorists know

Protective lubrication makes motoring less expensive

What motor oil actually costs is not measured by its price per gallon. Add your repair bills to your bills for oil and you get a more accurate figure—because fully seventy per cent of all motor repairs are chargeable to poor lubrication. Price is not a safe guide. Appearance means nothing. No one grade of oil can provide protective lubrication for all different types of motors. Polarine is not the most expensive oil, but it is the most perfect

motor oil that years of test and experiment have produced. It is made in five grades—light, medium, heavy, special heavy and extra heavy—a grade that assures protective lubrication for every type and make of gasoline motor. Consult the Polarine Chart. Buy the grade of Polarine recommended. Flush the old oil out every five or six hundred miles. Then motoring will cost you less. Buy where you see this sign.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY OF NEBRASKA



Polarine

Clark: "When I am dead they will realize how much I have done."
 Merle: "Cheer up. You will be well out of harm's way by then."

Was there any adequate supply of gold to back these notes?
 C. J. RUNDLELL

Leonard Denkenger (returning from training school): "I got 92 1/2 in spelling."
 Student: "Where did you get the half?"
 Leonard: "I had one word half right and half wrong."
THE NIGHT BEFORE PAY DAY
 "Twas the night before pay day,
 And all thru my jeans
 I hunted in vain for the price of some beans.
 Not a quarter was stirring—
 Not even a jit.
 The kale was off duty,
 The nickels had quit.
 Forward, turn forward,
 Oh, time, in thy flight!
 Make it tomorrow
 Just for tonight!
 —Antelope

Public Sale

Immuned Full Blood Duroc Jersey Hogs

At farm 8 miles northwest of Wisner, and 11 miles south and 2 miles east of Wayne, and 2 miles south and 1 east of Altona, on

Friday, November 2

Commencing at 1:30 p. m. Sale under cover.

165 Head

45 Head Spring Boars. 20 Head Spring Gilts. 100 Head of Shoats.

These 45 boars are the tops of my herd of 480 head and are sired by some of the best boars of the breed. They are a good, rugged, well-grown bunch that are good enough for anybody's herd. We will not sell a single boar out of this lot before the sale, thereby giving everybody an equal chance at them.

The 20 head of open gilts are an average lot of the tops, and will give somebody a chance to buy a few open gilts. 100 HEAD OF SHOATS, which I will not have room to keep or enough feed for. These shoats ought to go back as market toppers, as I have never sold a load out of this herd that did not come within a dime of the top. They will be an even lot and make a good bunch to feed out. Will be sold in bunches of 8 or 10.

The above hogs are all immuned with the double treatment and are considered cholera proof. All are sired by purebred sires, and out of full blood dams which would have been eligible to register had papers been kept up. These hogs are sired by a son of Giant Sensation; he by Great Sensation, Ed Kern's herd boar, and two Hillcrest Sensation, of the Edgar Taylor Herd boar; he by High Sensation.

You will note that they are related to the best herds in the state.
BE WITH US SALE DAY
 TERMS—Cash or time, if arrangements have been made with the clerk before sale.

JOHN HELMS, Owner

COL. A. H. ZICKL, Auctioneer WISNER STATE BANK, Clerk

WILDCATS LOSE TO LUTHERAN ELEVEN

(From The Goldenrod)

The Wildcats forced Midland to extend itself to the limit to win 12 to 0 at Fremont last Wednesday. Wayne threatened Midland's goal several times during the game and seemed to have the more consistent offensive through the line. The Lutherans were superior in punting and passing. The results of this game indicates a large improvement in the Wayne team as Wesleyan was unable to make downs on Midland the Friday before, while Wayne bucked the Lutheran line for long gains, at one time advancing 74 yards to Midland's 6-yard line on straight football.

Wayne won the toss and chose the north goal. Larson kicked off 50-yards to Horn who returned 10. Neither team was able to make downs and Midland had the advantage in a punting duel.

Toward the end of the quarter, Midland blocked a punt on Wayne's 20-yard line. A pass, Horn to Carmody, gained 10 yards. On the next play, Horn went off Wayne's left tackle for a touchdown.

Horn kicked off over the goal line Wayne put the ball in play on the 20-yard line and advanced to Midland's 20-yard line where a place-kick went wide.

The ball seen-sawed back and forth until a bad punt gave Midland the ball on the 50-yard line. Line smashes and end runs advanced the ball to the 30-yard line where Wayne held. On fourth down, Horn threw a 15-yard pass to Cunningham, who ran 15-yards for a touchdown. The try-for-point failed.

Score: Midland 12, Wayne 0.

A Midland pass fell incomplete for a touchdown as the half ended.

At the beginning of the second half the original lineup went in for Wayne.

Horn kicked off 50-yards to Moran who returned 17. Nellis made 2-yards off tackle. Moran failed to gain. A pass, Moran to Larson, failed. Schroeder punted out of bounds on Wayne's 40-yard line.

Chambers lost a yard. Adams made 10-yards off tackle. Carmody hit through for 3-yards and a first down. Chambers made a yard. Cunningham gained 8 on an end-around play. Horn went through center for first down on Wayne's 15-yard line.

Four attempts at the line netted 5 yards and Wayne took the ball on downs. Larson made 4-yards through center. Moran hit tackle for a yard. Schroeder punted 23 yards to Horn who returned 5 to Wayne's 35-yard line.

Adams gained a yard, Carmody hit center for a yard. Larson broke up an attempted pass. Horn's drop-kick went wide and Wayne put the ball in play on the 20-yard line.

A pass, Moran to McCoy was incomplete. Moran made 7 yards off-tackle. Nellis drove through center for 13-yards and a first down. Moran made 3-yards off-tackle. Brunning went in for Carmody in the Midland back-field. Larson made 5-yards off-tackle. Nellis carried the ball to a first down on Midland's 48-yard line.

McCoy hit off-tackle for 5 yards and Larson made 4 more through the same hole. Nichols went in for Luschei in the Midland line. Moran went through center for a first down on the 30-yard line. A fifteen yard penalty put the ball on Midland's 15-yard line, first down and ten to go.

Nellis made 3-yards off-tackle, Larson 5 more off-tackle. Moran made it first down on Midland's 6-yard line as the quarter ended.

McCoy failed to gain. Larson made a yard off-tackle. A pass, Moran to Nellis, was completed for no gain.

An attempted place-kick was blocked, Midland recovering on the 15-yard line. Brunning failed to gain off-tackle. Cunningham lost 2-yards on an end-around play. Rickabaugh dumped Brunning for a 5-yard loss on an attempted end-run. Horn punted 23-yards to the 40-yard line.

Nellis made 8-yards through center. Larson hit off-tackle for a yard. Two attempts at the line failed and Midland took the ball on downs.

Brunning ran Wayne's left-end for 10 yards and a first down. Horn went through for 15-yards and a first down on Wayne's 45-yard line. Brunning failed to gain. Adams made 6-yards. A pass, Horn to Brunning, was complete but lost a yard. Wayne took the ball on downs on the 38-yard line.

Rickabaugh ran Midland's left-end for 5-yards. Nellis made 3-yards off-tackle. Moran made a yard through center. Schroeder punted 50-yards to Horn who returned 40 to Midland's 48-yard line.

Brunning made 4-yards around end. Horn failed to gain off-tackle. Larson intercepted a pass and ran it back to Midland's 40-yard line.

An attempted pass, Moran to Nellis, failed. On an attempted pass, Moran was dumped for a 6-yard loss. A pass, Moran to Nellis, gained 2-yards. Moran failed to gain and Midland took the ball on downs. Midland punted to Wayne's 35-yard

line as the whistle blew.

Line-Up

Wayne	LE	Cunningham
Rickabaugh	LT	Luschei, E.
Vinekel	LG	Luschei, R.
Schroeder	C	Elliot
Prosch	RG	Tschudy
Peterson	RT	Lockstrom
Clark	RE	Carmody
Miller, L.	QB	Horn
Moran	LH	Chambers
Nellis	RH	Sudman
McCoy	FB	Adams
Larson		

Substitutions: Wayne—Fortner for Clark, M. Miller for McCoy, Lackey for Nellis, Black for Fortner, McCoy for M. Miller, Nellis for Lackey, Clark for Black, Krause for Peterson.

Midland—Lenhouts for Chambers, Nicholas for E. Luschei, Brunning for Lenhouts.

Officials: King, referee; Day, Nebraska; umpire; Jones, Grinnell, head linesman.

GAME-GETTERS BRING HOME LARGE PELICAN

(From The Goldenrod)

Last Friday evening, Ruthven Anderson, Kenneth Ross, and Clarence Richards shook off the routine of study and went on a hunting trip to the home of the latter at Chambers. The total bag was reported to be twenty-five ducks, fifteen chickens and one jack rabbit. The largest portion of the time was spent in hunting, sleeping, partaking of Mrs. Richards' cooking and making up stories to tell the boys back home. They returned Sunday evening bringing with them a pelican which they claim was caught and killed by no implement of the civilized world.

The peculiar circumstances are as follows: The three hunters started a tramp Sunday morning and spied the bird close by in a field. The fowl became frightened, as we would expect anything with sense to do at this sight, and tried to flee for its life but was stopped by a fence. The three adventurers encircled it as if they were herding their mother's pig, and, after feeling sure that its chances for escape were reduced to a minimum, Ross grabbed the worried fowl by the neck and amidst the flutter of wings the two other men took similar holds and with six hands on this spacious organ choked it to death. From the account of its capture, we are somewhat inclined to believe there is a possibility of its being a lyre bird. The fact that there are no bruises or bullet holes in the carcass of the fowl makes the above story seem quite probable, although the occupants of Blackstone who are personally acquainted with the men would rather believe the bird dropped dead at the sight of the hunters. Whatever may be the circumstances under which the bird got into the possession of the above, it is an unusual visitor of this "neck of the woods."

AS SEEN FROM THE STAND-POINT OF A PLAYER

Wayne has played three games of football during the season and has lost all three.

To the outsider this, to say the least, must be disappointing. But how do the members of the team feel? Just the same as the outsiders—and ten times more. For it makes no difference how disappointed you are, it does not measure up to the intensity of the feeling in the players. But why be disappointed? Are there not a thousand reasons why we should be pleased? There are five games left in the season none of which, in all probability, will be as hard as any we have played. We have a good chance to win all five.

According to comparative scores we are becoming better. Wesleyan beat Wayne 25 to 0 and tied with Midland 0 to 0. Wesleyan did not make first downs once against the Lutherans while Wayne made downs at least fifteen times and held Midland even on yardage gained.

From now till the end of the season, the school can expect good games from the team. Maybe we will win all the rest of the schedule, and if we do you will be present to help share the honors. Why not share the defeats by seeing the points about your team which really count; such as clean sportsmanship, courage, and the ability to come back after disappointing defeats, for what thinking person will deny that these things count for more to a school after the year is over than a championship team?

THE WAYNE WAY

The team went to University Place and lost, came home and lost to Western Union, journeyed to Fremont and became the victim of Midland. In each case, we wanted the boys to win. Last Friday we cheered from the grandstand and held a snake dance between halves. We are "for" the team, but we are shedding no tears over defeat; and victory, should it come, will, we trust, leave us calm. We like the game and we enjoy it, win or lose.

Eggs wanted at Fortner's—adv.

WESTERN UNION TAKES HARD GAME

(From The Goldenrod)

Western Union came from behind in the last six minutes of play and scored two touchdowns, defeating Wayne 17 to 6.

The game was marked by the dazzling aerial game of the Telegraphers and the equally brilliant line plunging of the Wildcats.

Wayne rushed the ball into Western Union territory soon after the kickoff but were held for downs on the 2-yard line. A few minutes later, Nellis missed a place kick from the 40-yard line. Western Union lost the ball on Wayne's 20-yard line just before the end of the half.

In the third quarter, two penalties for holding and a fumble gave Western Union the ball on Wayne's 20-yard line. Wayne held and Koch scored with a drop kick for the first points of the game.

Wayne received and advanced to Western Union's 30-yard line where an attempted place kick rolled over the line for a touchback. Western Union punted, the ball going out of bounds on the 35-yard line. A pass, Moran to Nellis, gained 20 yards, line plunges 7 more. It was 4th down and 3 to go on the 3-yard line. Larson drove off tackle for 3 yards and a first down. Moran added 3, and Larson went over for a touchdown. Score: Wayne 6, Western Union 3. The try for point failed.

Rickabaugh kicked off 40 yards to Koch who returned 12 to the 32-yard line. Four passes completed in succession placed the ball on Wayne's 1-foot line. Koch went over for the winning touchdown on the next play. He dropkicked the goal.

Wayne opened up on passes and advanced to Western Union's 30-yard line where a pass was intercepted. With thirty seconds left to play, a fumbled punt gave Western Union the ball on Wayne's 30-yard line. As the timer's whistle was blowing, Koch threw a long pass to Golden who fell over the goal line with the final touchdown. Koch kicked goal.

Line-Up

Wayne	RE	Golden
Miller, L.	RT	Wiebel
Peterson	RG	Fredland
Krause	C	Thompson
Prosch	LG	Skagsburg
Schroeder	LT	Woerner
Vinekel	LE	Holgapfel
Rickabaugh	QB	Hayen
Moran	RH	Kirkwood
McCoy	LH	Kanpp
Nellis	FB	Koch
Clark		

NOTICE OF SETTLEMENT OF ACCOUNT.

In the County Court of Wayne County, Nebraska.

The State of Nebraska, Wayne county, ss.

To all persons interested in the estate of Robert H. Skiles, deceased: On reading the petition of Rollie W. Ley, Administrator praying a final settlement and allowance of his account filed in this Court on the 13th day of October, 1923, and for distribution of the residue of said Estate. It is hereby ordered that you and all persons interested in said matter may, and do, appear at the County Court to be held in and for said county, on the 2nd day of November, 1923, at 9 o'clock A. M., to show cause, if any there be why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted, and that notice of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof be given to all persons interested in said matter by publishing a copy of this order in the Nebraska Democrat, a weekly newspaper printed in said county, three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing.

(Seal) J. M. CHERRY, County Judge.

NOTICE OF SETTLEMENT OF ACCOUNT.

In the County Court of Wayne County, Nebraska.

The state of Nebraska, Wayne County, ss.

To all persons interested in the estate of Mary Skiles, deceased: On reading the petition of Rollie W. Ley, Administrator praying a final settlement and allowance of his account filed in this Court on the 13th day of October, 1923, and for distribution of the residue of said estate. It is hereby ordered that you and all persons interested in said matter may, and do, appear at the County Court to be held in and for said county, on the 2nd day of November, 1923, at 10 o'clock a. m., to show cause if any there be why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted, and that notice of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof be given to all persons interested in said matter by publishing a copy of this order in the Nebraska Democrat, a weekly newspaper printed in said county, three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing.

(Seal) J. M. CHERRY, County Judge.

Fortner wants your poultry.—adv.

NEW INVENTIONS VS. COMMON SENSE

It may be surprising to learn that there are enough motor cars in the United States to take the whole nation joy-riding at once. Recent reports of the registration of trucks and automobiles show that there are now more than 13,048,120 motor vehicles in the country. That is about one to every eight persons.

The automobile and the airplane, which are products of the twentieth century, have answered the American's craving for speed. They have made neighbors of those who live many miles apart. They have brought the markets of the cities to the farmer's door, and the pleasure of outings within his reach. They have enabled the physician to extend his practice over a much wider territory, and the factories to deliver goods up to thirty or forty miles in the country.

But what is the cost? The number of lives extinguished each year by these demons of speed is appalling. This, however, is generally the fault of the driver rather than of the machine. The recent accident at Lincoln in which two university students lost their lives, is a good example.

It seems as if man's common sense cannot keep step with his inventive genius. Undoubtedly prehistoric man, after he had discovered how to kindle a fire, burned his fingers more than once before he learned to keep them out of the blaze. The same is true today. Man builds high powered automobiles and then uses them to his own destruction. He invents airplanes with which he can fly through the air with some measure of safety, but he cannot refrain from giving exhibitions and doing dare-devil stunts which often end in disaster.

A CALL FOR METHOD

Not long ago the American Bar Association held its annual convention at Minneapolis. Among other things brought out by the meeting was the information that there are about 1,500,000 radicals in this country who desire to change our government by the use of force, if necessary. It was also stated that there are 400 newspapers and magazines, representing similar views, being published that are read by 5,000,000 people. Something must be done to remedy this evil, the delegates decided; so they set aside one week to be used as a time for the study of the constitution of the United States. This was an excellent idea if carried out, for there is entirely too large a group of people in our country whose ideas concerning the constitution are too vague to make for good citizenship. Indeed, one cannot help wondering if certain members of the bar might spend their time to better advantage if they would attempt to study out some means of enforcing the laws as they now stand instead of trying to discover a method for their wealthy clients to evade the provisions made by the constitution and realize a huge profit from questionable transactions.

The most striking thing about the convention was not the data brought out showing the magnitude of radicalism in our country nor was it the method proposed for remedying the situation; it was the fact that, in all their discussion of this question, there was not a single suggestion that a study be made of the causes of this remarkable growth in the number of members of this movement. It is strange, indeed, that within so large a group of the supposedly brilliant men of our nation, there was not one who desired to know the reason for so great a number of radicals in the United States. It is almost unbelievable that a report stating that there is so large a group of such persons within the borders of this republic did not occasion the question: "Why?" to be asked. By so treating the situation, the members of the American Bar Association overlooked the thing which is essential to the correct interpretation and to discovery of the right remedy. That is, they seemed to be unaware of the fact that, before a social evil can be removed, its cause must first be discovered. The lawyers of this country have long been considered as a safeguard of the liberty of the American people. If they are to continue to hold this position, it will be necessary for them to change their methods in attempting reforms. It is essential that they realize the necessity of making a thorough investigation of all social evils if they are ever to have anything better to offer as a solution of the radical problem than a mere suggestion that a week be set aside for the study of the constitution.

ATHLETICS

Central College looks unusually strong this year. The Quakers opened their schedule last Friday by defeating Cotner 26 to 0. This marks the end of a long period of athletic stagnation at the Central City school, last year being the first since the war when it did not occupy the cellar position in the conference standing.

1. Giving Relief in Disasters
2. Serving Disabled Veterans
3. Aiding Men in Army and Navy
4. Public Health Nursing Service
5. First Aid to the Injured
6. Life Saving Instruction
7. Home Hygiene and Care of Sick
8. Nutrition Service
9. American Junior Red Cross

Your Membership Dollar

Can you think of any better way to use a dollar?

RED CROSS ROLL CALL

November 11th to 29th

Join or Renew Your Membership

RED CROSS MET TEST IN JAPAN FUND DRIVE

Spirit of Service Demonstrated in Readiness for Nationwide Activity.

When President Coolidge by proclamation designated the American Red Cross as the medium through which contributions for relief of the Japanese earthquake sufferers should flow, the President's desire came as an order to the Red Cross. Immediately the entire machinery of the organization was put in motion and within 24 hours the fund campaign was moving with vigor in every part of the country.

This emergency test demonstrated the peace-time readiness of the Red Cross to cope with stupendous tasks in behalf of humanity. Within a month it had collected upwards of \$10,250,000 in contributions, landed ten cargoes of supplies at Japanese ports and was keeping pace with relief requirements—all without a single dollar of the fund being spent for administration.

President Coolidge, in expressing his thanks to the people, said: "When the news of the tragedy in Japan first reached us, the American Red Cross, pursuant to a proclamation, asked the country for \$5,000,000 to meet the great emergency. The answer to this appeal was prompt and generous; in less than two weeks a sum far in excess of the original goal was given." The work of the Red Cross for Japan is expected to influence a very large enrollment of new recruits during the Roll Call, which starts Armistice Day.

Red Cross First Aid Standards Adopted In Great Industries

First aid in an emergency which assures the injured competent attention until the doctor arrives is making marked headway through the work of the Chapters of the American Red Cross. In populous centers 114 chapters conduct first aid classes and last year awarded 9,500 certificates to students. Eight big telephone companies have enlisted their workers in first aid classes, police and fire departments in large cities are making the course compulsory in their training schools, and through colleges and high schools, large groups of students receive instruction. The Red Cross also gives this course through Boy Scouts, Girl Scouts, Y. M. C. A. and similar organizations, and its standard methods have been adopted by railroads, electric and gas companies, mines and in the metal industries. The aim of this Red Cross service is to cut down radically the average of 60,000 accidental deaths per year in the United States.

"Our country could secure no higher commendation, no greater place in history, than to have it correctly said that the Red Cross is truly American."—President Coolidge.

Every day is a better one to the man and woman stimulated by the Red Cross spirit. Join now for happiness.

Junior Red Cross Spreads Good Will Throughout World

Nearly 5,000,000 pupils in the schools of America are following the standard of unselfish service as members of the American Junior Red Cross, the annual report of the American Red Cross discloses. This valiant host is represented in 125,072 school rooms of 24,289 schools throughout the United States. With a service program that is local, national and international in scope, the American Junior Red Cross is working unflinchingly for health and happiness and in the promotion of activities among boys and girls wherever there is opportunity for usefulness.

Increased activity on the part of the schools enrolled and deeper recognition by school authorities of the educational values of Junior Red Cross have been significant features of the last year. Carrying on educational and relief work in France, Poland, Austria, Hungary, Jugoslavia, Albania, Bulgaria and Rumania, the American Juniors have influenced the forming of Junior departments in the Red Cross organizations of these countries. American boys and girls wearing the "I Serve" button of the Juniors are proving apt messengers of the spirit of good will and mutual understanding through correspondence with pupils in schools scattered throughout the world. At the close of the school year in June 2,009 schools were engaged in correspondence with a like number of schools in Europe; 284 schools in our insular possessions and Alaska territory carried on an exchange of letters with schools in the United States and South Africa. In fact, nearly 2,700 schools with probably 100,000 pupils were busy in this fine act of cheerful communication, while 8,347 articles passed through National Headquarters of the Red Cross in exchanges between the interested pupils here and overseas. An incident of the year's advance was the beginning of activity which will eventually install Junior Red Cross in the Indian schools of the United States.

From every section of the country reports of the tour of the unit of crippled children with their chorus which came from the Bakule school in Prague, Czechoslovakia, to show gratitude to the American Juniors for their assistance declare that nothing since the World War has done so much to awaken the Red Cross spirit in the communities visited by the unit.

The work of the American Juniors in foreign fields is emphasized in the advancement of playgrounds, scholarships in farm, trade and other schools, community and school garden work, and donations of cash and equipment to children's organizations. In these projects \$112,660.17 was spent during the last year in ten European countries, in China and in the Virgin Islands.

"It is inconceivable that the Red Cross could have come thus far only to retreat; that it could have succeeded up to the present time only to fail."—President Coolidge.

Liberal to Ex-Service Men
Over \$1,000 was expended by each of the 8,600 American Red Cross Chapters in the past year in behalf of disabled ex-service men. The actual total spent was \$1,930,000.

MISS REIS WRITES TO COMMERCIAL CLUB

(From The Goldenrod)
The following letter was written by Miss Reis, who taught shorthand and typewriting here last year, to the Commercial Club, but all of the Goldenrod readers will find much of interest in it.

"I am sure that you will have a meeting soon. Several times lately it has seemed I could hear Mr. Martin say, 'Well, folks, how about Commercial Club?' and then you all said, 'Yes, let's start it.' I just want to send along my very best wishes for the Club's success this year.

"I hope it will be the biggest, best, most worth while year the Club has ever known. It should be. The Club is young and it must keep growing and growing if it is to fulfill its purpose in the school. But it will be successful, only insofar as it is given the hearty, united support of its members. But you already know that, don't you? Just so it does not slip our minds when it is our turn to help with the next meeting.

"Another thing—every student who is taking commercial work should be a member of the Club. If they are really interested in and taking commercial subjects, they need the Club and surely the Club needs them. You are all aware of those facts. The new students, however, are not acquainted with your Club, its aim and real value to its members. Here is a remarkable chance to use your salesmanship. Sell your Club to the people who should be stockholders and share the dividends with them. Do it right now at the beginning of the year before any time is wasted. No, I haven't forgotten that other clubs are meeting on the same night. But a real commercial student should have no hesitancy in deciding which is his Club when the facts are carefully laid before him by a good salesman who is acquainted with his goods.

"That was a long lecture, wasn't it?"

LIVESTOCK PRICES AT SOUTH OMAHA

Fat Cattle Steady to 15 to 25c Lower—Top \$11.90

HOGS SHOW SOME GAIN

Liberal Receipts of Sheep and Lambs and Broad Demand at Stronger Prices—Fat Lambs up to \$12.25.

Union Stock Yards, South Omaha, October 24, 1923.—With 10,000 fresh cattle, Tuesday the market showed further weakness, prices ranging from steady to 15 to 25c lower on beef steers. Best fed beefs brought \$11.90. Cow stuff ruled steady, but stockers and feeders are about 10 to 15c off.

Quotations on cattle.—Choice to prime beefs, \$10.80 to \$12.00; good to choice beefs, \$10.00 to \$10.85; fair to good beefs, \$8.75 to \$9.75; common to fair beefs, \$7.50 to \$8.75; choice to prime yearlings, \$10.50 to \$11.80; good to choice yearlings, \$9.50 to \$10.50; fair to good yearlings, \$8.50 to \$9.50; common to fair yearlings, \$7.00 to \$8.25; fair to prime fed cows, \$4.50 to \$7.00; fair to prime fed heifers, \$5.50 to \$10.00; choice to prime grass heifers, \$7.75 to \$8.50; good to choice grass heifers, \$7.00 to \$7.75; fair to good grass heifers, \$6.25 to \$7.00; common to fair grass heifers, \$5.25 to \$6.25; Mericans, \$4.25 to \$5.25; good to choice grass heifers, \$5.00 to \$6.25; fair to good grass heifers, \$3.75 to \$5.00; choice to prime grass cows, \$8.00 to \$9.00; good to choice grass cows, \$3.00 to \$3.85; cutters, \$2.50 to \$3.00; canners, \$2.00 to \$2.50; calves, \$4.00 to \$10.00; hologna bulls, \$3.00 to \$3.50; choice to prime feeders, \$7.00 to \$8.50; good to choice feeders, \$6.75 to \$7.50; fair to good feeders, \$6.00 to \$6.00; common to fair feeders, \$5.00 to \$6.00; good to choice stockers, \$7.00 to \$7.50; fair to good stockers, \$6.75 to \$6.75; common to fair stockers, \$4.50 to \$5.50; trashy stockers, \$3.00 to \$4.25; stock heifers, \$3.00 to \$4.50; stock cows, \$2.75 to \$3.60; stock calves, \$4.00 to \$7.50.

Slight Upturn in Hogs.

Only 4,000 head of hogs showed up Tuesday and trade was fairly active at 5 to 10c advance. Best light weights brought \$6.05 and bulk of the day's trading was at \$6.35 to \$6.75.

Stronger Trade in Lambs.
Receipts of sheep and lambs continue heavy, 21,000 head Tuesday, but the demand was broad and the market around 10 to 15c higher on fat stock. Best fat lambs brought \$12.25. Feeders held steady.

Quotations on sheep and lambs.—Fat lambs, good to choice, \$11.75 to \$12.25; fat lambs, fair to good, \$11.25 to \$11.75; clipped lambs, \$11.00 to \$11.50; weaning lambs, \$11.25 to \$12.25; wethers, \$6.00 to \$7.50; yearlings, \$8.00 to \$10.00; fat ewes, light, \$5.25 to \$5.50; fat ewes, heavy, \$3.50 to \$5.00.

BIG PINE RANCHERS SHIPPING EAST THIS YEAR; MANY QUITTING

It will be another two weeks before the bulk of the cattle from the Big Pine district, in Southwestern Wyoming, gets to market, according to Frank Ball, who was in Omaha this week with an elevator shipment of steers and cows. Shipments to date have been mostly of cattle that were up in pasture, he explained, as the roundup is not over yet.

I didn't mean it as such but a good beginning will mean much. How fortunate you are in having the splendid consistent help of Mr. Martin and Miss Stephens!

"I suppose you all know that I am in Omaha with the Peters Trust Company. I have enjoyed my work very much this summer and have had some very valuable experience. In fact, I have felt guilty not to pay them tuition—but I have never let them know that I had that feeling. It seems strange not to be going to school. This is the first year I have not gone since I started to the little old country school. However, my work is very fascinating and the time goes rapidly for me. I am sure the change will be good for my disposition and I know you will all be glad for that!

"I find that I have a great many former students in Omaha. It seems so good to meet them and have a 'little visit.' Several of them have been out to the house to see me. My girl friend and I have an apartment and enjoy it very much. I am the cook but no casualties have resulted so far as I know. Ruth Cox thought it was awfully funny to see me going through Piggly-Wiggly, collecting my groceries. I had to let her laugh; I couldn't help myself that time. We will board and room after November first as we each expect to take several classes this winter and shall not have time for housework and study too.

"Last Monday night we went to see Fiske O'Hara play in 'Jack of Hearts.' It is such a splendid little play, just brimful of Irish wit and humor. His songs, were especially clever and of course he is always good. I wish you might all have been there.

"While waiting for a street car in Lincoln tonight I was delighted to meet several of the Wayne boys as they were preparing to go back after the Wayne-Wesleyan game. I knew these sweaters a block off. They looked good to me.

"I must not take any more of your time or you will not get into the dorms on-time, and that would be a catastrophe. Remember that I am much interested in your progress this year. I should enjoy hearing from you should you find time to write me. Best regards to each one, Goldie E. Reis."

THE INQUIRING REPORTER

What do you think of an all school stunt—night?
Harold Patterson, '21: "I think it's a good idea. A carnival would be good, too."

Ardith Davis, Senior: "Swell! We ought to do something like that before we all stagnate."
J. R. Rinker, Senior: "That's a great idea! We could charge two bits and buy suits for the band. It's a crime to have a band as good as ours and not have suits for it."

Pres. Conn: "That's all right. I think some form of entertainment like that would be much better than a dance every Saturday night. A dance now and then is all right, but we are running to seed on it. Also, all of the students don't enjoy dancing. Something that all can enjoy and take part in is a much better plan than dancing. I wish we had more general fun and am in favor of an all school 'stunt' night. Any bunch of boot-blacks can get together and have a dance."

As one that for a weary space has lain

Lulled by the song of Cfre and her wince
In gardens near the pale of Proserpine,
Where the Aegean isle forgets the main,
And only the low lutes of love complain,
And only shadows of wan lovers pine,
As such an one were glad to know the brine
Salt on his lips, and the large air again,
So gladly, from the songs of modern speech
Men turn, and see the stars, and feel the free
Shrill wind beyond the close of heavy flowers
And through the music of the languid hours,
They hear like ocean on a western beach
The surge and thunder of the Odyssoy.

—Andrew Lang

Black: "Why this coolness between you and Vinck? Has he been trying to borrow money of you?"

Phil: "Either that or I have been trying to borrow money of him. I can't remember which."

Larson: I should like to try my luck at big game.

Mike: Yes, I notice it is hard for you to hit those small ducks.

Prof. Cross: "Clark, what is the native objective?"

George C: "A good looking girl."

Cream, eggs, poultry bought by Farmer—adv.



BARNYARD TALE

"There is going to be a great meeting in the barnyard," said Porky Pig. "Grunt, grunt, all come to the meeting."

"All come to the meeting," said Mrs. Duck. "Quack, quack, all come to the meeting."

"Yes, cock-a-doodle-do," said Red Top the Rooster, "all come to the meeting."

All the old friends and enemies—though I trust there are no enemies—will come and greet each other.

"It's to be a fine reunion," said Miss Ham. "It is to be a fine reunion. People mustn't think they're the only ones who can meet about and have family reunions where all the relatives and grandfathers and grandmothers and grandchildren and uncles and aunts and cousins and daughters-in-law come."

"We, of the barnyard, can also have a splendid reunion!" "Oh yes, every one must come to the reunion," said Billy Goat.

"They must, grunt, grunt," said Brother Bacon.

"Has every invitation been sent out?" asked Mrs. Ham.

"Every one," said Mrs. Duck. Just then a caterpillar crawled along through the barnyard, hurrying out of the way for fear he might be eaten or trampled upon or killed in one of these ways creatures had of getting rid of caterpillars.

Billy Goat saw him and sang this song: "The caterpillar only crawls, He is not much admired, But he'll become a butterfly, For with high ambitions he's afraid."

Everyone congratulated Billy Goat upon his song which was a quite original one. The words, everyone said, were a little better than the music, but it was all good, all good, they said. And Billy Goat was delighted with the praise. In fact so delighted was he that he said he had another he'd sing, though he'd have to think a little about it.

While he was thinking, though, he was talking about it.

"You see," he said, "I heard one of the young ladies talking the other day, and it seemed she had gone to town dressed in all her old clothes because it had been a rainy day when she had started."

"Yes, she had on an old hat, and old shoes and rubbers, and an old skirt and coat. And no sooner had she reached town than the sun came out and there was she on this most beautiful day feeling so like an old rainy day."

"So this is the song I'm making up about that."

There's nothing sadder in this world Than to have the sun come out When you're dressed in all your old clothes.

"Because you were in doubt," "Of course," said Billy Goat, "she had been in doubt as to whether she'd wear her good ones because she had seen a little blue sky in one corner of the sky but she had been afraid that it would rain."

"We see, she said, a fine verse, Billy Goat. We shall have to name you the Poet of the Barnyard. Truly that would be an honor and one that you deserve," the other animals said.

So when the creatures all came to the Barnyard Reunion Billy Goat or, Sir William Goat, the Gentleman, was also called "The Barnyard Poet."

Yes, everyone was on hand, or perhaps one should say on foot, for the reunion. Porky Pig and Mrs. Duck helped to entertain.

The song sparrows came and the owl sent word he was sleeping or he'd come. (They had not asked him so they were just as glad he couldn't come.) The Dog who had become so brave came along, so did Sharpy Squirrel, Running Rabbit,

Mrs. Blue Jay, "The Sun Came Out" and all of the ducks and pigeons and hens and roosters and pigs and geese and turkeys.

In fact it was a splendid reunion and there was excellent food, though of course the Pig family forgot about entertaining any but themselves when the food came along!

But there was enough to go around. The Geese weren't quite as polite as they should have been, of course, but taking it all in all it was a splendid barnyard reunion.

Get it in the Neck. Little Helen—Brother Charles can't come to school. He has diphtheria. Teacher—Indeed! Where did he get it? Little Helen—In the neck.

Little Helen—In the neck.

Little Helen—In the neck.

RED CROSS HELPS WAR'S SUFFERERS

Aids 200,000 Veterans and Their Families—27,000 Disabled Still in Hospitals.

SPENDS \$5,866,255 IN YEAR

Individual Attention Assured to All Physically Ailing or In Distress.

Washington.—War service five years after the armistice, which on November 11 the American Red Cross marks with the opening of the annual membership canvass, shows that during the past year assistance was extended by the Red Cross to some 200,000 ex-service men or their families. To 130 hospitals throughout the country approximately 75,000 ex-service men were admitted for treatment, and to 63,296 of these men definite and specialized service was extended, the Red Cross annual report discloses. In all hospitals under government operation a total of nearly 27,000 disabled veterans were reported by the Surgeon General of the Army.

These facts of the aftermath of physical and mental disability five years after the World War, and the burden resting upon the relatives and dependents of the ex-service men, show conclusively the great need of the Red Cross to act as a supplementary arm of the government in service to these many thousands of men who wore the uniform of the United States. It should be emphasized that government assistance is necessarily standardized along specified lines affecting them as a whole. The Red Cross service is to the individual man and the solution of his problems. This the Red Cross designates "home care" for its aims to give the loving care and interest of the home to these men undergoing physical reconstitution far from their actual home infirmaries.

Year's Expenditures \$5,866,255

In the year ended last June 30 the Red Cross reports \$3,920,000 spent by its Chapters in extending individual attention to the ex-service men and \$1,946,255 spent by National Headquarters of the Red Cross, a total of \$5,866,255. In behalf of the men called to duty in the World War the Red Cross since July 1, 1917, has spent nearly \$184,000,000. Today there are 2,608 Chapters in as many localities carrying on this work, aiding the individual veteran, assisting his family, furnishing creature comforts and funds to tide over troublesome periods.

The strong connecting link between the Red Cross and the United States Veterans' Bureau takes the complications out of difficult cases of claims. The Red Cross in this work requiring personal representation of the ex-service man has acted in appeal cases, insurance matters, personal and family problems, camp and hospital activities, and in cases of death. This service handled nearly 12,000 compensation and insurance, claims, and 2,225 allotment and other claims.

Solves Serious Problem

The financial problem of the ex-service man when traveling to and from hospitals is a serious one, and in meeting this constant demand the Red Cross expended \$138,334.17 during the year. For extra recreational equipment in Veterans' Bureau training centers \$13,306 was spent, and for the blinded veterans in the government school funds were supplied to enable some of these unfortunate men to enter business as storekeepers and poultry raisers.

In Veterans' Bureau hospitals the record of a single month illustrates the large service rendered by the Red Cross. For example, 15,504 new cases required attention, and a total of 26,007 cases were acted upon; 49,368 letters and 1,363 telegraph messages written; and more than 1,600 entertainments given in recreation houses for the benefit of the patients.

Authorities declare that the present is a critical time in the lives of many of the disabled ex-service men who during the five years since the armistice have developed misgivings of recovery.

Work Among the "Regulars"

Service to the enlisted men of the Army, Navy and Marine Corps is a charter obligation of the Red Cross, which in the last year recorded over 200,000 cases of assistance extended and 834,420 visits to the sick and disabled. Inquiries by the Red Cross at the request of Government authorities into the home conditions of soldiers, sailors and marines aggregated 17,714, and there were nearly 6,000 instances where the Red Cross located men for their families.

All these activities constituting a single responsibility of the American Red Cross demonstrated during the year that its "war service" in behalf of the veteran and the man enlisted in the nation's defensive arms must go forward "unfalteringly and without stint of funds. The work of the last five years has welded a close bond of regard between the men who sacrificed and the Red Cross, whose efforts are praised and endorsed by the veterans' organizations. To do all that can be done to soften the consequences of the hard blows of war is the supreme duty of the Red Cross, to which it is giving its best work and most liberal service.

BASKING SHARK NEVER BITES

This May Have Been Fortunate for Men Who Caught Monster Off Long Key.

The 40,000-pound sea monster caught off Long Key has been identified as an Indo-Pacific basking shark by L. L. Mowbray, vice president of the New York aquarium. The basking shark, Mr. Mowbray announces, is harmless when let alone. Permit him to bask placidly on the undulating bosom of the sea, and he bears no creature ill will.

It is fortunate for those who go down to the sea in ships or down to the surf to swim that the creature is thus disposed. It required an all-day struggle and 50 shots from a high-powered rifle to subdue him, once his wrath was stirred by the stab of a harpoon. He was 35 feet long, 28 feet in greatest circumference and had a tail span of 12 feet.

Were such a creature of an aggressive nature the sea in his vicinity would be hardly safe for the average submarine, while pleasure boats would afford no protection whatever from his fury, and if he used the waters of the North Atlantic coast as a basking ground surf bathing would soon become obsolete.

Hitherto the children of the earth have found abundant reason for gratitude that rattlesnakes cannot fly like hawks, or tigers run like antelopes, or houseflies sting like wasps. To this list of blessings we may now add the fact that basking sharks do not bite. —New York Times.

HEALTHY BABIES OF JAPAN

They Seem to Have a Hard Time, According to Our Ideas, but Thrive Nevertheless.

According to our modern scientific ideas as to the careful treatment of babies, those of Japan would seem to have a hard time, and yet there are no healthier, nor fatter looking little mortals on the face of the earth. We insist on a fixed temperature, on sterilized milk, on all sorts of improved things, while the Japanese baby gets a good dose of nature, and seems to thrive on it. It is dressed and undressed in a frigid temperature in winter, and in summer its tender little eyes are always exposed to the full glare of the sun, as it is carried on its mother's back. It is to be feared, however, that this latter treatment often does affect the eyes of the children, though they get over it later in life. At Nagasaki, among the women coolers who coal the ship, you may see many with babies on their backs. The mothers work all day in the rain or in the sun, or the snow, and there baby sleeps, indifferent to everything, the top of its head alone visible, while the movements of the mother do not seem in the least hindered, and she as if the babies of this class were born stoics!

Modern Jerusalem.

The ancient city of Jerusalem, where Christ did so many of his mighty works, now, has a modern waterworks system. The reservoirs known as the Pools of Solomon were not really Solomon's at all, but were made by Roman engineers. These have been cleaned out and their leaks stopped. Now two of them are at work again. They hold 40,000,000 gallons.

The pools are supplied from a spring in a cavern called Bir Darash. A large quantity of gravel and stones has been removed, and the aqueduct and tunnels between the spring and the pools repaired; and Jerusalem has its up-to-date waterworks—a splendid tribute to the science of ancient Rome.

For many years the origin of Jerusalem's water supply was a secret. During the siege of Jerusalem the besiegers were disappointed in their hope of the city surrendering through lack of water.

Uncle Jasper.

"Proverbs ain't always correct," began Uncle Jasper. "I'll cite you a case. Some years ago Rothschild decided to add to his collection of mosses and lichens from many parts of the world, but he wanted more. He wanted moss from the Urals, from the Arctic circle, from the tip end of Patagonia. He was ready to pay a good salary. And who did he employ to gather this moss? A rolling stone." —Louisville Courier-Journal.

Blue Law.

When they closed the bar on one of the transatlantic liners bound for the land of liberty one of the passengers protested. "Seems like you're closing up awful soon; how far are we from land, anyway?" "Just about three miles," answered the steward politely.

"Funny we can't see it!" "You could, if the water were clear enough." —Los Angeles Times.

No Trespassing.

On a farm in South Georgia is posted this sign: "Trespasser's will be persecuted to the full extent of 2 never mean mongrel dogs which ain't never been yearly boshlet with strangers and 1 dubbel barbel shotgun which ain't loaded with no soft pillers. Dam, if I ain't tired of this hel rasta'n on my property." —Everybody's Magazine.

Rattlesnakes.

Mustard gas, phosgene and chlorine, deadly accomplishments of war, will be turned upon large dens of rattlesnakes in the vicinity of San Marcos, Tex. The experiment is to be made by special order of the chief of medical warfare, Washington.—Scientific American.

Cocklebur Poison Menace to Stock

Swine Particularly Susceptible, but Other Farm Animals Also Injured.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Live stock running on pasture infested with young cockleburs is liable to be poisoned, investigations by the United States Department of Agriculture show. This is particularly true of swine, but also cattle and sheep, and especially in the Mississippi Valley and Great Plains states. Young pigs up to two months of age are more susceptible than other stock, although occasional reports of cocklebur poisoning of other animals have been coming to workers in the pathological division of the bureau of animal industry, where the investigations of stock poisoning by plants are carried on.

Amount of Dose.
There seems to be considerable variation in the quantity of cockleburs necessary to poison, but in general the dose that causes poison is not far from one and one-half pounds of the green plant to 100 pounds of animal. Apparently there is little difference between the dose that causes only sickness and the dose that kills. The symptoms of poisoning are depression, nausea accompanied with vomiting, rapid and weak pulse, and a low temperature. The symptoms appear within 24 hours after the plant is eaten and commonly last only a few hours. Since it is only the young plant, before the formation of leaves, that is poisonous, cases of poisoning may occur at any time when young plants are found. These cases begin in the latter part of winter in the Southern states and somewhat later in the Northern states, while the losses may be spread over several months.

Best Remedy.
The best remedy, of course, is to keep stock away from the young cocklebur plants, especially when there is a scarcity of feed or when the animals are very hungry. The plant may be exterminated in a good many areas, but since it is an annual there is usually a crop the second year from seed that failed to germinate the preceding season. The department has not recommended any special medicinal remedies, but when milk is given to affected animals they recover or when salted bacon grease, lard or raw linseed oil is substituted for the milk treatment recoveries occur also.

Peach Tree Borers Are Troublesome in Orchard

Borers are very troublesome when they get a start in the orchard. Peach tree borers can soon injure a tree very seriously. It is true that trees infested with borers may live and bear a few years after they are infested with these pests, but such trees begin to fall and soon die.

Early fall is a good time to look for peach tree borers. If they are destroyed in the fall no further trouble will be had till the next brood begins in late spring.

Examine the trunks of the trees. If you find "wax" exuding from the trunks of the trees and the roots, unless the tree has had a mechanical injury, you may conclude with a good deal of proof that there are borers. Look for them. They are little white "worms" and may be found readily.

The best way to destroy borers is to take a sharp knife and cut them out and destroy them. It may be necessary to scrape away the surface soil and look into the roots near the surface, as these pests are likely to bore into roots.

Good results have been obtained by digging out a little trench in the ground around the tree about a half inch from the trunk of the tree and pouring carbon bisulphide in the trench and covering it quickly. The fumes of the gas will kill the insects. But care must be taken not to let any of the liquid carbon bisulphide touch the roots of the tree, as it is likely to kill the tree. This is not very expensive, as it does not take much carbon bisulphide to use around one tree.

Campaign for Pure Bred Sires Wins Many Members

During July, 172 persons qualified for the official emblem of recognition issued by the United States Department of Agriculture to persons who use pure bred sires exclusively for all classes of animals kept. The work is conducted jointly by the various states and by the department. The total number of persons participating at the end of July was 11,705.

The department is now distributing a lithographed sign, "Pure Bred Sires Exclusively Used on This Farm," to live stock owners who enroll in the "Better Sires—Better Stock" campaign and who request the sign. Each sign issued bears a number which identifies the live stock owner with the nationwide movement for live stock improvement.

Milk Should Be Cooled Without Waste of Time

Milk should be cooled to the temperature of cold drinking water as soon after drawn from the udder as possible. In order to insure the cooling of the whole mass of milk it must be stirred thoroughly and long enough so that the temperature of all the milk is that of cold water. It should be kept at that temperature by changing the water or by other means until the milk is delivered.